Evaluation of Measuring Input Power for Calibrating the Evacuation Slide Test

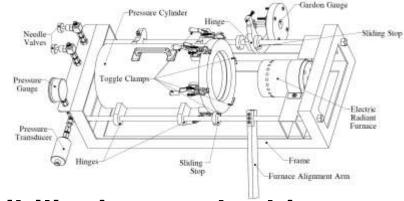
Presented to: International Aircraft Materials Fire

Test Forum

By: Steve Rehn Date: 3/10/2020



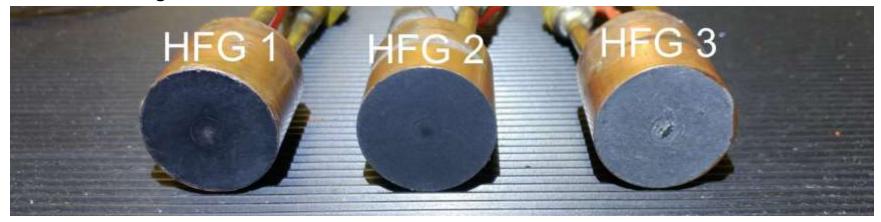
Introduction



- After observing poor reproducibility in round robin testing, FAA studied the Evacuation Slide Test to determine if the calibration method can be changed from measuring the heat flux at the sample surface to measuring the input power going to the heater
- More recently conducted testing comparing larger number of heaters and heat flux gauges in order to determine the most reproducible method for calibration

Heat Flux Gauge Comparison

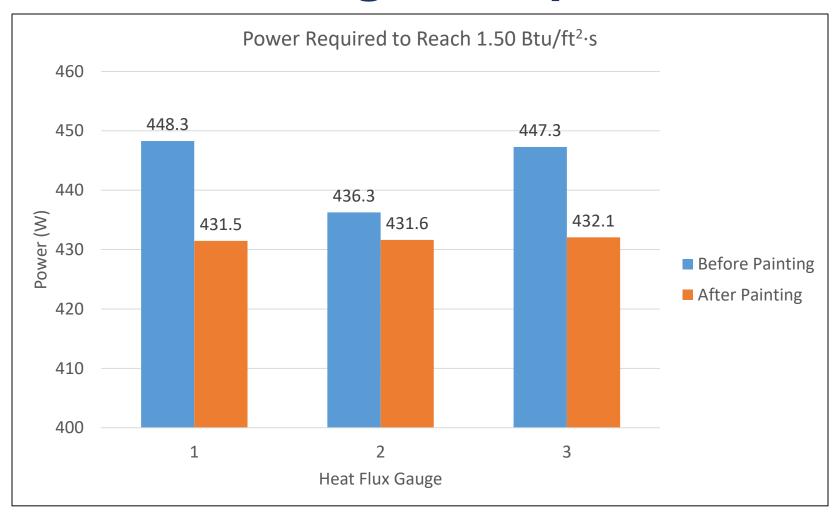
Before Painting:



After Painting:

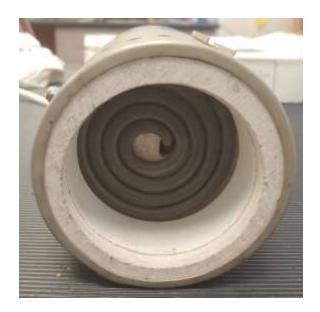


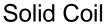
Heat Flux Gauge Comparison



Solid Coil Heater #1, HFG calibrated before and after painting

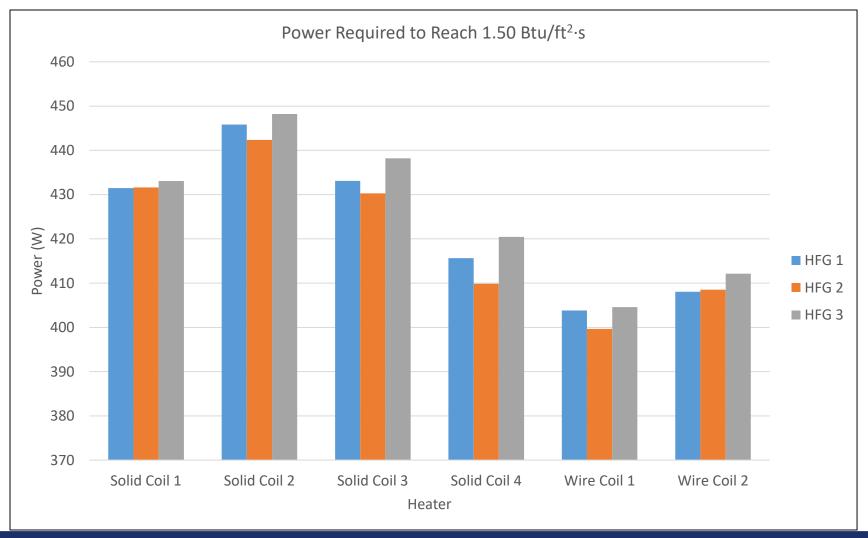
- Tested 6 heaters and 3 heat flux gauges
 - 4 solid coil, 2 wire coil



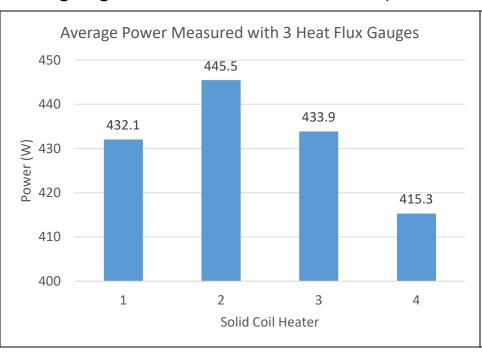


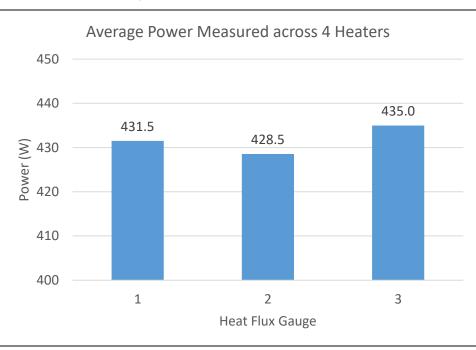


Wire Coil



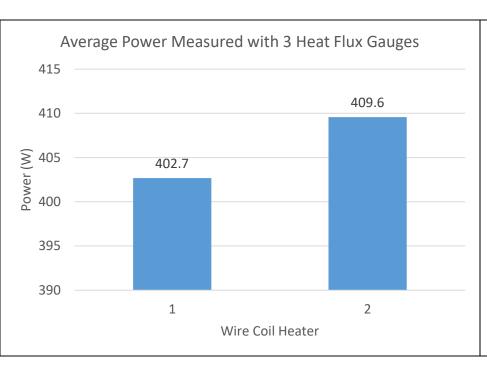
Comparing range of power required for different heaters vs different heat flux gauges to reach 1.50 Btu/ft²·s (Solid Coil Heaters only)

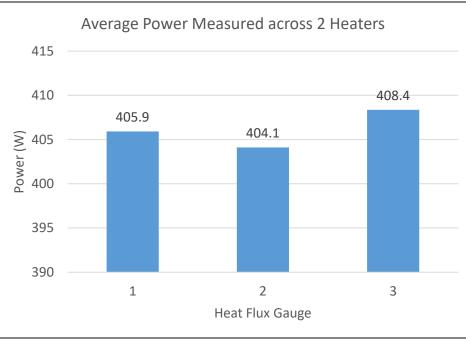




- Different heaters varied from 415 W to 445 W
- Different heat flux gauges varied from 429 W to 435 W

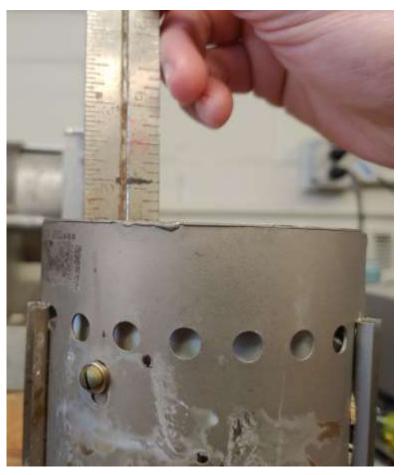
Wire Coil Heater Comparison





- Different heaters varied from 403 W to 410 W
- Different heat flux gauges varied from 404 W to 408 W

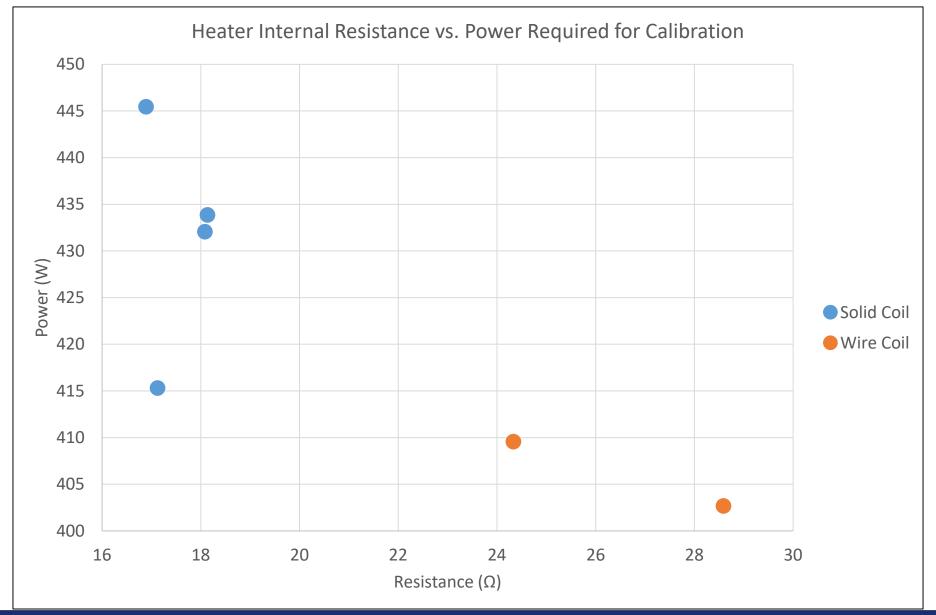
Why are the Heaters so Different?



Set coil to 1.5 inch depth



- Coils aren't all on exactly the same plane (Heater 2 varies 3/16")
- Condition of surface could affect emissivity



Report

- Completed test report combining all round robin testing and experiments from the last few years
- Will be published soon

DOT/FAA/AR-xx/xx

Development of a Revised Test Method for Evaluating the Performance of Evacuation Slide Materials During Exposure to Radiant Heat

Air Traffic Organization NextGen & Operations Planning Office of Research and Technology Development Washington, DC 20591

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January 2020

Final Report

This document is available to the U.S. public through the National Technical Information Services (NTIS), Springfield, Virginia 22161.

This document is also available from the Federal Aviation Administration William J. Hughes Technical Center at actlibrary.tc.faa.gov.



U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration



Conclusion

- Much more repeatable calibrations changing heat flux gauges vs changing heaters
- Measuring heat flux produces more accurate calibration than measuring power
- Make sure heat flux gauge surface is in good condition and calibration is up to date
- NPRM states to calibrate using power measurement
 - Will be changed back to heat flux

Questions?

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