Vertical Flame Propagation (VFP)

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Federal Aviation Administration

Vertical Flame Propagation (VFP)

Objective

- Proposed new test method for non-metallic, extensively used materials located in <u>inaccessible areas</u>, i.e.:
- Composite skin, structure, and sub-components
- Wires
- Duct materials
- Other, tbd

What is it?

 A way of evaluating the performance of a material against a realistic fire threat using a line burner and radiant heat source.





Topics

Where were we? Where are we? Are we there yet?





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Where were we?

Varying diameters of ducts and their results
 Flat vs round

Varying thicknesses

Wire background

Heater uniformity

Different manufacturers = varying heat output per watt Supply voltage

Heat flux

Could HFG's resolve design and power differences



Where are we?

Interlab study of HFG's

- 4 labs, 5 gauges
- Set power to host gauge (reference)
- Compared all other gauges (working)

• Goals

- Determine the variability among HFG's
- Use this deviation to evaluate HFG reliability





HFG Comparisons	$\Delta w/cm^2$	$max \Delta w/cm^2$
VFP Lab vs Burns Cal	-0.11	0.11
Lab A vs Burns Cal	-0.1	
Lab B vs Burns Cal		
Lab C vs Burns Cal		

- St dev: 0.061
- % st dev: 2.57
- Set to power, not to heat flux. That update had not yet been installed to unit*





HFG Comparisons	Δ w/cm ²	$max \Delta w/cm^2$
VFP Lab vs Burns Cal	-0.04	
Lab A vs Burns Cal	-0.02	
Lab B vs Burns Cal	-0.14	0.14
Lab C vs Burns Cal		

- St dev: 0.057
- % st dev: 2.937





HFG Comparisons	$\Delta w/cm^2$	$max \Delta w/cm^2$
VFP Lab vs Burns Cal	-0.04	
Lab A vs Burns Cal	-0.02	
Lab B vs Burns Cal	-0.09	-0.09
Lab C vs Burns Cal		

- St dev: 0.039
- % st dev: 1.98





HFG Comparisons	$\Delta w/cm^2$	$max \Delta w/cm^2$
VFP Lab vs Burns Cal	-0.03	
Lab A vs Burns Cal	-0.05	
Lab B vs Burns Cal	-0.11	0.11
Lab C vs Burns Cal	-0.01	

- St dev: 0.044
- % st dev: 2.463





HFG Comparisons	$\Delta w/cm^2$	$max \Delta w/cm^2$
VFP Lab vs Burns Cal	0.1	
Lab A vs Burns Cal	-0.034	
Lab B vs Burns Cal	-0.17	0.17
Lab C vs Burns Cal		

- St dev: 0.112
- % st dev: 2.566



Conclusions

- 1. Did we determine the variability of HFG's?
 - Most gauges varied 0.03-0.1 w/cm²
 - One gauge varied .11-.17 w/cm²
- 2. Will HFG be reliable going forward?
 - Determine effect on burn length of these variances
 - Visit HFG manufacturer to discuss calibrations



Baseline Material Assessment

Avg Burn Length	Std Dev.	% Std Dev.
2.28"	0.23"	10.12

- Series of tests conducted on an aircraft grade CFRP, 1/8" thick
- 10 tests
- Strict 1.8 watts/cm²
- Room temp 71°F



Experiment Set up

Factor	(-) Low Level	(+) High Level									
Heat Flux (Watts/cm2)	1.7	1.9									
Room Temp (F)	65	75									
Experiment											
Standard Order	Heat Flux	Room Temp	Randomize	Actual Heat Flux	Burn Length	After Flame	Room Temp	% RH	Back Wall Thermocouple Pre Test	Watts Before Test	Watts After Test
3	1.7	75	0.010730819								
9	1.7	65	0.161017441								
8	1.9	65	0.244162765								
11	1.7	75	0.363605551								
6	1.9	75	0.533051687								
4	1.9	65	0.545988063								
5	1.7	65	0.659694949								
1	1.7	65	0.663592607								
12	1.9	65	0.734122903								
10	1.9	75	0.804076379								
2	1.9	75	0.812019225								
7	1.7	75	0.866090654								



Effect on Burn Length

Experiment #1: Heat Flux (+0.2), Chamber Temp

Variable	Low	High	Avg. Effect on BL
Heat Flux (w/cm ²)	1.6	2.0	0.96"
Chamber Temp (°C)	50	70	0.07"

Baseline St Dev	
0.23"	



Effect on Burn Length

Experiment #2: Heat Flux (+0.1), Room Temp

Variable	Low	High	Avg. Effect on BL
Heat Flux (w/cm2)	1.7	1.9	0.32"
Room Temp (^o C)	18.3	23.9	0.42"





Effect on Burn Length

Experiment #3: Heat Flux (+0.05), Room Temp

Variable	Low	High	Avg. Effect on BL
Heat Flux (w/cm2)	1.75	1.85	0.04"
Room Temp (^o C)	19.4	22.8	0.002"





Conclusion



- Relationship between heat flux variation and the effect on burnlength
- 3 ranges shown
- Max heat flux variation < stdv
 of this material



Are we there yet?

Not. Quite. Yet.

- The task group will discuss and agree on a heat flux tolerance
- Visit HFG manufacturers to discuss calibrations
- Start Interlab Composite Testing
- Simultaneously continue ducting materials & wires



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Contact Info

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