

**FILE COPY**

# **Interlaboratory Comparison of Heat Release Data from Aircraft Panels**

Richard G. Hill  
Lawrence T. Fitzgerald

March 1986

DOT/FAA/CT-TN86/3

Document is on file at the Technical Center  
Library, Atlantic City Airport, N.J. 08405



U.S. Department of Transportation  
**Federal Aviation Administration**

Technical Center  
Atlantic City Airport, N.J. 08405

*note technical note techn*

*86-0430*

#### NOTICE

This document is disseminated under the sponsorship of the Department of Transportation in the interest of information exchange. The United States Government assumes no liability for the contents or use thereof.

The United States Government does not endorse products or manufacturers. Trade or manufacturer's names appear herein solely because they are considered essential to the object of this report.

1. Report No. <b>DOT/FAA/CT-TN86/3</b>	2. Government Accession No.	3. Recipient's Catalog No.	
4. Title and Subtitle <b>INTERLABORATORY COMPARISON OF HEAT RELEASE DATA FROM AIRCRAFT PANELS</b>		5. Report Date <b>March 1986</b>	
		6. Performing Organization Code	
7. Author(s) <b>Richard G. Hill and Lawrence T. Fitzgerald</b>		8. Performing Organization Report No. <b>DOT/FAA/CT-TN86/3</b>	
9. Performing Organization Name and Address <b>Federal Aviation Administration Technical Center Atlantic City Airport, New Jersey 08405</b>		10. Work Unit No. (TRAIS)	
		11. Contract or Grant No.	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address <b>U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration Technical Center Atlantic City Airport, New Jersey 08405</b>		13. Type of Report and Period Covered <b>Technical Note</b>	
		14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
15. Supplementary Notes			
16. Abstract  A computer program was developed to correlate and statistically analyze laboratory and full-scale fire test data. The program and its usage is presented in this report. Also, the results of a roundrobin test program utilizing the Ohio State University Rate of Heat Release (OSU) test apparatus are described. Data from the roundrobin was used to show the capabilities of the newly developed computer program. The results of the roundrobin indicated that reproducibility between laboratories had increased and that a further increase could be expected with greater standardization of equipment and procedures.			
17. Key Words <b>Correlation Roundrobin Rank Correlation Heat Release Reproducibility</b>		18. Distribution Statement <b>Document is on file at the Technical Center Library, Atlantic City Airport, New Jersey 08405</b>	
19. Security Classif. (of this report) <b>Unclassified</b>	20. Security Classif. (of this page) <b>Unclassified</b>	21. No. of Pages	22. Price



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	vii
INTRODUCTION	1
Purpose	1
Background	1
DISCUSSION	2
Test Equipment	2
Computer Hardware	2
Computer Software	2
Test Materials	4
Test Results	5
CONCLUSIONS	9
REFERENCES	9
APPENDICES	
A — Material Codes	10
B — Complete Statistics of Second Round Robin	11
C — Test Results of First Round Robin	12
D — Test Results of Second Round Robin	13
E — Test Results of Third Round Robin	14
F — Test Results of Fourth Round Robin	15
G — Test Results of Fifth Round Robin	16
H — Test Results of Sixth Round Robin	17
I — Test Results of Seventh Round Robin	18
J — Test Results of Eighth Round Robin	19
K — Test Results of Ninth Round Robin	20
L — Test Results of Tenth Round Robin	21

## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure		Page
1	Level One - Program Flow Diagram	6
2	Level Two - Program Flow Diagram	7
3	Level Three - Program Flow Diagram Level Four - Program Flow Diagram	8
4	Program and Routine Descriptions (3 Sheets)	9
5	Correlation Between First and Second Roundrobin (FAA)	12
6	Best Fit Relationship Between O2 and Thermopile Peak (FAA - Second Roundrobin)	13
7	Best Fit Relationship Between O2 and Thermopile 2-Minute Integration (FAA - Second Roundrobin)	14
8	Best Fit Relationship Between O2 and Thermopile Peak (Douglas - Second Roundrobin)	15
9	Best Fit Relationship Between O2 and Thermopile 2-Minute Integration (Douglas - Second Roundrobin)	16
10	Best Fit Relationship Between O2 and Thermopile Peak (Boeing - Second Roundrobin)	17
11	Best Fit Relationship Between O2 and Thermopile 2-Minute (Boeing - Second Roundrobin)	18
12	Graphical Comparison of Data (Non FAA Panels) Thermopile 2-Minute Integration	19
13	Graphical Comparison of Data (Non FAA Panels) Thermopile Peak	20
14	Graphical Comparison of Data (FAA Panels Only) Thermopile 2-Minute Integration	21
15	Graphical Comparison of Data (FAA Panels Only) Thermopile Peak	22
16	Best Fit Relationship of Two Laboratories (Thermopile Peak - Boeing Versus FAA)	23
17	Best Fit Relationship of Two Laboratories (Thermopile 2-Minute Integration - Boeing Versus FAA)	24
18	Best Fit Relationship of Two Laboratories (Thermopile 2-Minute Integration - OSU Versus FAA)	25

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS (Continued)

Figure		Page
19	Best Fit Relationship of Two Laboratories (Thermopile Peak - OSU Versus FAA)	26
20	Best Fit Relationship of Two Laboratories (Thermopile Peak - Douglas Versus FAA)	27
21	Best Fit Relationship of Two Laboratories (Thermopile 2-Minute Integration - Douglas Versus FAA)	28
22	Graphical Comparison of Modified Data (Non FAA Panels) Thermopile 2-Minute Integration	29
23	Graphical Comparison of Modified Data (Non FAA Panels) Thermopile Peak	30

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
1	Description of Statistics	31
2	Options List Screen	31
3	Test Selection Screen	32
4	Apparatus Selection Screen	32
5	Data Selection Screen	33
6	Test Parameters	33
7	Rank Comparisons of O <sub>2</sub> and Thermopile Peak (FAA - Second Roundrobin)	34
8	Correlation of O <sub>2</sub> and Thermopile Peak (FAA - Second Roundrobin)	34
9	Rank Comparisons of O <sub>2</sub> and Thermopile 2-Minute Integration (FAA - Second Roundrobin)	35
10	Correlation of O <sub>2</sub> and Thermopile 2-Minute Integration (FAA - Second Roundrobin)	35

LIST OF TABLES (Continued)

Table		Page
11	Percent Standard Deviation Between Labs (Roundrobin Inservice Materials)	36
12	Statistical Summary of Data Thermopile 2-Minute Integration	36
13	Statistical Summary of Data Thermopile Peak	37
14	Rank Comparison Between Two Laboratories (Thermopile 2-Minute Integration - Boeing Versus FAA)	37
15	Rank Comparison Between Two Laboratories (Thermopile Peak - Boeing Versus FAA)	38
16	Correlation Between Two Laboratories (Thermopile 2-Minute Integration - Boeing Versus FAA)	38
17	Correlation Between Two Laboratories (Thermopile Peak - Boeing Versus FAA)	39
18	Correlation Between Two Laboratories (Thermopile 2-Minute Integration - OSU Versus FAA)	39
19	Rank Comparison Between Two Laboratories (Thermopile 2-Minute Integration - OSU Versus FAA)	40
20	Rank Comparison Between Two Laboratories (Thermopile Peak - OSU Versus FAA)	40
21	Correlation Between Two Laboratories (Thermopile Peak - OSU VERSUS FAA)	41
22	Rank Comparison Between Two Laboratories (Thermopile Peak - Douglas Versus FAA)	41
23	Correlation Between Two Laboratories (Thermopile Peak - Douglas Versus FAA)	42
24	Rank Comparison Between Two Laboratories (Thermopile 2-Minute Integration - Douglas Versus FAA)	42
25	Correlation Between Two Laboratories (Thermopile 2-Minute Integration - Douglas Versus FAA)	43
26	Statistical Summary of Data - Douglas Versus FAA Thermopile 2-Minute Integration	43
27	Statistical Summary of Data - Douglas Versus FAA Thermopile PEAK	44



## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report contains the results of a roundrobin test program between the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Technical Center and three members of Aerospace Industries Association (AIA) (Boeing, Douglas and Heath Tecna, the latter represented by Ohio State University), utilizing the Ohio State University rate of heat release apparatus. The results of the testing are presented and analyzed utilizing a newly developed computer program to correlate and statistically analyze test data. The results show a large improvement in test data reproducibility between laboratories due to increased standardization of equipment and procedures. As an example, the percent relative standard deviation for the 2-minute integrated heat release from a 5-watt per square centimeter exposure, using the thermopile measurement method, was reduced from 25.16 percent to 5.44 percent. Analysis of the data indicates that further improvements in reproducibility (lower than 10 percent) could be gained by greater standardization of equipment and procedures.



## INTRODUCTION

### PURPOSE.

The purpose of this report is twofold:

1. To compare and analyze data obtained by different laboratories during round-robin testing with the Ohio State University Rate of Heat Release Apparatus.
2. Describe and illustrate the use of a computer program for the storage and statistical analysis of laboratory test data.

### BACKGROUND.

In order to determine the reproducibility of the Ohio State University (OSU) apparatus, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Technical Center and the Aerospace Industries Association of America, Inc. (AIA) conducted a series of tests, utilizing the same aircraft interior materials at three different laboratories (FAA Technical Center, Boeing, and Douglas). The results of that series showed a lack of consistent test results between laboratories. The FAA and AIA subsequently agreed to various modifications to the equipment and test methodology aimed at improving its between-laboratory reproducibility. A second roundrobin was then conducted using the same materials and laboratory participants, and joined by Ohio State University, representing Heath Tecna, an AIA member.

## DISCUSSION

### TEST EQUIPMENT.

The OSU Rate of Heat Release Apparatus and test format, as outlined in ASTM E-906, was utilized initially, with various modifications later agreed to by the test participants. The first series of tests was conducted as outlined in appendix A, of reference 1 and the second in appendix B, of reference 1. There were still some slight remaining variations in test equipment and/or procedures between laboratories, in spite of attempts to completely standardize.

### COMPUTER HARDWARE.

MAINCORR is currently operating on a Data General Model 10/SP Desktop computer and utilizes the following peripherals:

- all hardcopy printed output is performed on an NEC Spinwriter Model #7710 Letter Quality printer.
- all hardcopy graphic output is plotted on a Hewlett Packard Model #755 8-pen Plotter with automatic sheet feed.
- all CRT plotting is performed on a Data General Model 10/SP Color System Console.

The Model 10/SP Desktop computer is equipped with one fifteen (15) megabyte disk drive used for database storage and 512 kilobytes of internal memory (RAM).

#### COMPUTER SOFTWARE.

MAINCORR is a statistics program, written in the programming language, Fortran IV, for the purpose of comparing various fire test data for aircraft cabin materials that will determine the validity and consistency of these test data.

Table 1 is a list of statistics the user is currently able to obtain from the program MAINCORR.

MAINCORR is also capable of producing X-Y coordinate plots which show the relationship between two tests for each material. The relationship is compared by a one-to-one correspondence line and the least square best fit line of the data values. A bargraph compares the data of each material for up to four tests.

Operation, selection, and data selection is accomplished by MAINCORR through a series of screen queries (tables 2 through 5). Each operation leads the user through its own set of screens.

The data base setup to handle the material information consists of four separate files. Each file holds a laboratory title and a pointer to the next file. Only the last file contains the data that is processed. This file structure reduces the number of input-output seeks to a maximum of four before the required data are accessed.

Currently, the data base is set up to accept up to 20 tests. Each test is capable of accepting 20 apparatuses, and each apparatus is capable of accepting 20 data variables. Under each data variable is the material test result. As of this printing, 25 materials are included. The total number of data points allowed in the file is 10,000, expandable to 64,000.

This program consists of 12 modules, one main program and 11 subroutines. Figures 1 through 3 illustrate the program flow. Two subroutines are utilized for input to the data base, one subroutine for output from the data base, three subroutines for graphical output of data, three subroutines for statistical purposes and two subroutines for editing purposes. Figure 4 is a brief program description.

#### TEST MATERIALS.

In-service aircraft interior materials were supplied by AIA for use in the round-robin test series. These materials included ceiling panels, sidewalls, stowage bins, and partitions. In this report the materials will only be referred to by a reference number. Three thermoplastic materials were also supplied by the FAA, (ABS, polycarbonate, and Ultem™). A description of the materials is contained in reference 2, appendix A. In addition, five types of composite panels used by the FAA in full-scale testing were supplied and included in some of the testing. Those panels are listed as epoxy/fiberglass, epoxy/Kevlar™, phenolic/fiberglass, phenolic/Kevlar, and phenolic/graphite, which is a general description of the facings, and are described in more detail in reference 2.

## TEST RESULTS.

Table 6 lists the various parameters reported by each laboratory for both round-robins. For the first roundrobin three laboratories participated (FAA, Boeing, and Douglas). The Ohio State University was an additional participant (using the thermopile only) in the second roundrobin.

For each of the materials tested, three samples were run, with the average of those three runs being reported. This report does not deal with internal laboratory repeatability, therefore, only the average values were utilized.

Because of the vast amount of data it was necessary to limit the scope of comparison. Since the main reason for the testing was to develop the OSU apparatus into a more reproducible laboratory test for use in regulating the usage of aircraft interior panels, and since the FAA released an Notice of Proposed Rule Making (NPRM) specifying the OSU apparatus and stating acceptance criteria, the criteria outlined in that NPRM were utilized to limit the number of parameters for comparison. Therefore, the parameters used for the first roundrobin were the thermopile measured 2-minute integrated heat release, at a sample exposure of 5 watts per square centimeter (hereinafter referred to as just watts) and the oxygen depletion measured 2-minute integrated heat release at 5 watts. For the second roundrobin the important parameters were the thermopile 2-minute integrated heat release and the thermopile peak heat release rate, both measured at a sample exposure of 3.5 watts.

A summary of the derivation of those parameters is as follows:

Initially, it was determined that the 5 watt 2-minute integrated heat release data gave the best correlation with full-scale test results. At first it was not determined which method of measuring heat release worked best, so either thermopile or oxygen depletion could be used. The first roundrobin also indicated a major problem in reproducibility. The percent standard deviation between laboratories for the 2-minute integrated heat release at 5 watts was 40.0 for oxygen depletion and 25.2 for thermopile.

Modifications were made in the OSU equipment and procedures by FAA and AIA in order to improve reproducibility. During those changes it was discovered that the heat flux transducer used in calibrating the FAA's equipment was in error. The 5-watt data from the first roundrobin was in reality taken at approximately 3.8 watts. When the test data with the modified OSU equipment was analyzed, the 3.5-watt data correlated better with full-scale test results. Figure 5 shows the correlation between the FAA's data before and after the modifications to the OSU equipment. The recommended pass/fail criteria for NPRM 85-10 was adjusted accordingly (reference 3).

Although there was a large difference in the absolute values of heat release measured by the two vintages of the OSU equipment, figure 5 indicates a reasonably good correlation. Perhaps more surprising was the excellent correlation between the thermopile and oxygen depletion methods for measuring heat release. Figures 6 and 7 and tables 7 through 10 show that relationship utilizing the FAA data. Figures 8 through 11 show that the relationship was almost as true for the other laboratories. Because of this extremely good correlation and the higher cost and complexity of the oxygen measurements, it was recommended that the thermopile measurement method only be required. The peak thermopile reading requirement that

was added later because of its good correlation to full-scale tests as well as perceived need to exclude materials with the following behavior: high peak heat release rate (burning rate) but relatively low integrated heat release due to insufficient mass, or low integrated heat release at 2 minutes but high heat release rates after 2 minutes.

A check of the percent standard deviation from the two roundrobins (table 11) showed a vast improvement in reproducibility. As a result of all of the aforementioned, the remainder of this report will focus on the second roundrobin data at 3.5-watts measured with the thermopile for both 2-minute integrated heat release and peak heat release rate.

A graphical comparison of data is shown in figures 12 through 15. Figures 12 and 13 show data from all four laboratories for the inservice materials, including the three thermoplastics. Figures 14 and 15 show FAA-supplied panel data from three laboratories, OSU not included.

For a good statistical comparison of the data, a complete statistical package can be obtained from the computer program, or an abridged summary is available. Appendix B is the full printout of the statistical package of the data presented in figures 12 through 15. Tables 12 and 13 show the abridged summary of the statistical package for all four laboratories, for all of the materials tested, at 3.5-watts, for both peak heat release rate and 2-minute integrated heat release measured by thermopile. It should be noted that the most important statistic is probably the average coefficient of variance, or percent standard deviation, as it is also known. The values of 16.42 for peak heat release rate and 14.41 for the 2-minute integrated heat release are slightly higher than previous values because of the addition of the FAA-supplied Panels.

Tables 14 through 25 and figures 16 through 21 show the correlation of the various laboratories with the FAA data. What the data show are that there is a very good correlation between laboratories and that the differences in data is not random, but is to a large extent, a constant offset between laboratories. On the correlation curves, the solid line is the best fit curve and the dashed line is a perfect one-to-one correspondence. Note the offset, in most cases, between the two lines. This indicated that improvement could still be made to reduce the deviation between laboratories.

A prediction of improved reproducibility by better standardization of the OSU test methodology can be made by the following analysis.

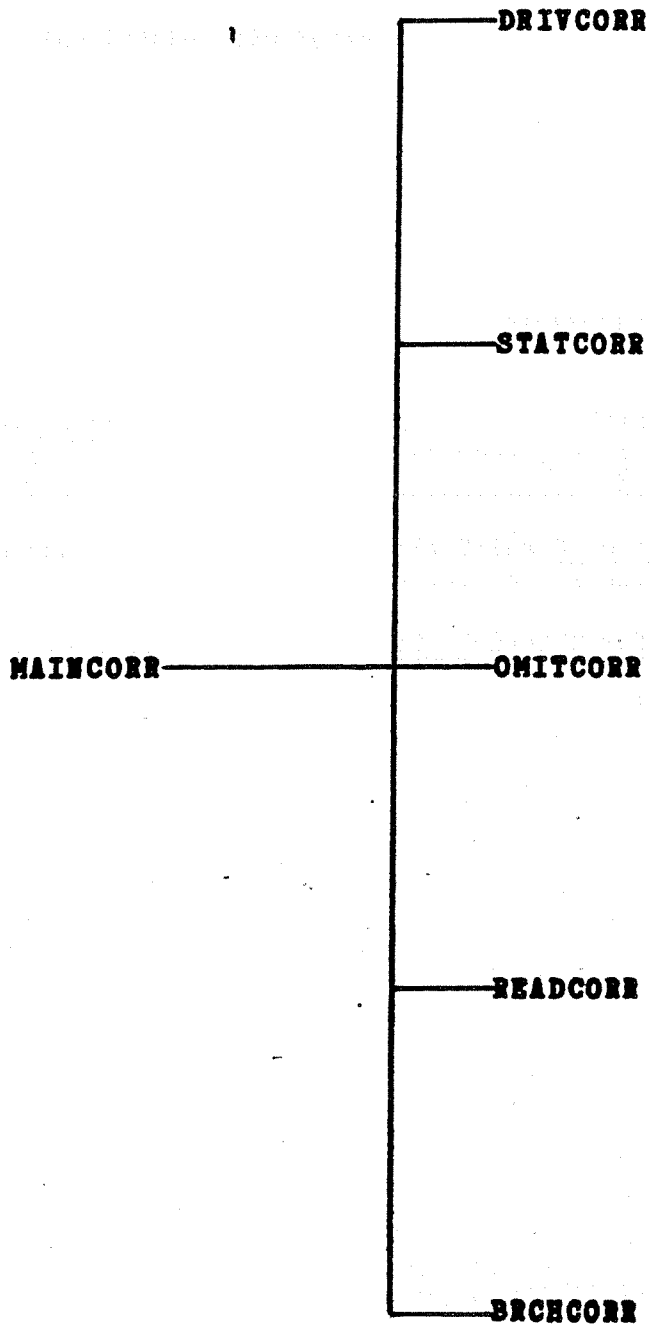
The percent standard deviation of each laboratory, for peak and 2-minute integrated heat release, compared to the FAA data, was calculated (tables 26 through 31). Then, assuming that the FAA data are consistently at the low deviation and the other laboratories are at the high deviation, the percentage that should be subtracted from each laboratory in order to bring it in line with FAA's data are shown in table 32. These calculated, corrected percentages were subtracted from each data point of each laboratory, and tables 33 and 34, and figures 22 and 23, show the results of an analysis of the modified data. Note that the average coefficient of variance (percent standard deviation) has greatly improved, indicating that further standardization of the OSU test methodology should improve the consistency of test data (reproducibility) between laboratories.

## CONCLUSIONS

1. The reproducibility of the OSU test data between laboratories has been improved by greater standardization of equipment and procedures.
2. Further improvement in reproducibility can be expected with additional standardization.

## REFERENCES

1. Hill, R. G., Eklund, T. I., and Sarkos, C. P., Aircraft Interior Panel Test Criteria Derived from Full-Scale Fire Tests, Federal Aviation Administration, Report DOT/FAA/CT-85/23, September 1985.
2. Filipczak, R., et al, Correlation of Small-Scale Tests With Performance During Full-Scale Cabin Fire Tests, FAA report in progress.
3. Improved Flammability Standards for Materials Used in the Interiors of Transport Category Airplane Cabins; Notice of Proposed Rulemaking Reopening of Comment Period, DOT/FAA, Federal Register, Vol. 50, No. 144, p. 30,447, July 26, 1985.



TN86-3/1

FIGURE 1. LEVEL ONE - PROGRAM FLOW DIAGRAM



DRIVCORR ————— INPCORR

STATCORR ———┬── READCORR  
                  └── PLOTCORR

OMITCORR ————— ●

READCORR ———┬── EDITCORR  
                  ├── GRPHCORR  
                  ├── PLOTCORR  
                  ├── CORR  
                  └── RANECORR

BRCHCORR ————— READCORR

● - SIGNIFIES RETURN OF CONTROL

TN86-3/2

FIGURE 2. LEVEL TWO - PROGRAM FLOW DIAGRAM

INPCORR—————\*

READCORR—————\*

PLOTCORR—————\*

EDITCORR—————\*

GRPHCORR—————\*BFITCORR—————\*

PLOTCORR—————\*BFITCORR—————\*

CORR—————\*

RANKCORR—————\*

BRCHCORR—————\*READCORR—————\*

\* - SIGNIFIES RETURN OF CONTROL

TN86-3/3

FIGURE 3. LEVEL THREE - PROGRAM FLOW DIAGRAM  
LEVEL FOUR - PROGRAM FLOW DIAGRAM

TITLE : MAINCORR

FUNCTION : Main program.  
initializes arrays  
opens data files  
driver for subroutines

SUBROUTINE CALLS : DRIVCORR, STATCORR, OMITCORR,  
READCORR, BRCHCORR

-----

SUBROUTINE : DRIVCORR

FUNCTION : Sets up screens for user input  
accepts data input

CALLED BY : MAINCORR

SUBROUTINE CALLS : INPCORR

-----

SUBROUTINE : INPCORR

FUNCTION : Accepts data from keyboard and  
inserts data into data base

CALLED BY : DRIVCORR

SUBROUTINE CALLS : NONE

-----

SUBROUTINE : STATCORR

FUNCTION : Prints statistics on each material  
or prints summary of all materials  
statistics include :  
maximum, minimum, range, average,  
variance, standard deviation,  
coefficient of variance

CALLED BY : MAINCORR

SUBROUTINE CALLS : READCORR, BFITCORR

TN86-3/4

FIGURE 4. PROGRAM AND ROUTINE DESCRIPTIONS (1 of 3 SHEETS)

SUBROUTINE : OMITCORR

FUNCTION : Bypasses certain materials, so that these  
are not figured in any processing performed  
by any routines.

CALLED BY : MAINCORR

SUBROUTINE CALLS : NONE

---

SUBROUTINE : READCORR

FUNCTION : Sets up user screens for access to data base.  
Reads data from data base files.

CALLED BY : MAINCORR, STATCORR, BRCHCORR

SUBROUTINE CALLS : CORR, RANKCORR, PLOTCORR, GRPHCORR,  
EDITCORR

---

SUBROUTINE : BRCHCORR

FUNCTION : Creates bar graphs on the Hewlett-Packard  
plotter (model no. 7550A)

CALLED BY : MAINCORR

SUBROUTINE CALLS : READCORR

---

SUBROUTINE : PLOTCORR

FUNCTION : Creates one to one correspondence graphs  
on plotter and optionally plots best fit line

CALLED BY : READCORR

SUBROUTINE CALLS : BFITCORR

FIGURE 4. PROGRAM AND ROUTINE DESCRIPTIONS (2 of 3 SHEETS)

SUBROUTINE : GRPHCORR

FUNCTION : Creates one to one correspondence graphs on terminal screen and optionally plots best fit line

CALLED BY : READCORR

SUBROUTINE CALLS : BFITCORR

-----

SUBROUTINE : CORR

FUNCTION : Performs a one to one simple correlation of two user selected data sets

CALLED BY : READCORR

SUBROUTINE CALLS : NONE

-----

SUBROUTINE : RANKCORR

FUNCTION : Performs rank difference method of correlation on two user selected data sets

CALLED BY : READCORR

SUBROUTINE CALLS : NONE

-----

SUBROUTINE : EDITCORR

FUNCTION : Corrects, changes, inserts and/or deletes any data that is stored in the data base

CALLED BY : READCORR

SUBROUTINE CALLS : NONE

FIGURE 4. PROGRAM AND ROUTINE DESCRIPTIONS (3 of 3 SHEETS)

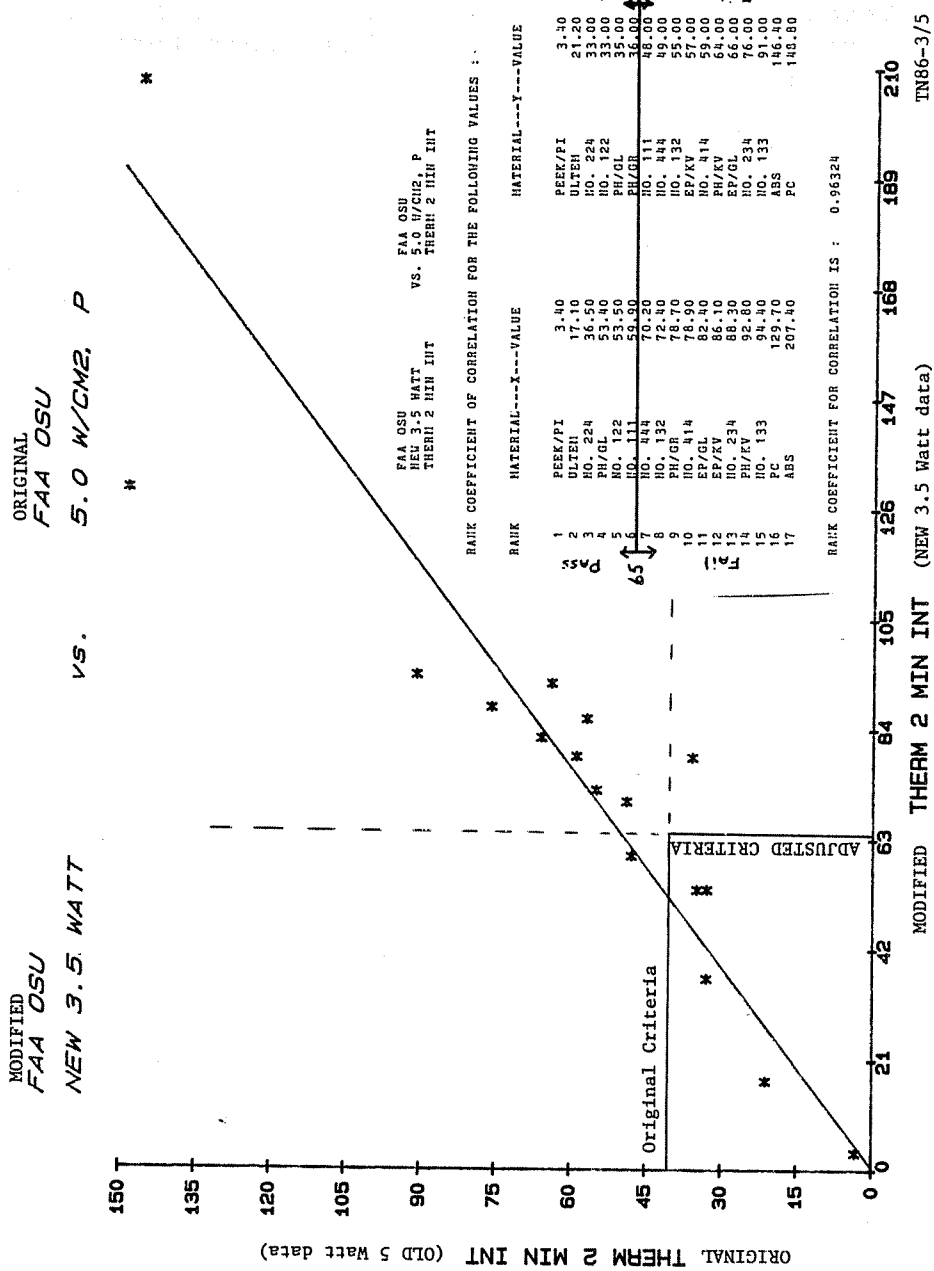


FIGURE 5. CORRELATION BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND ROUNDROBIN (FAA)

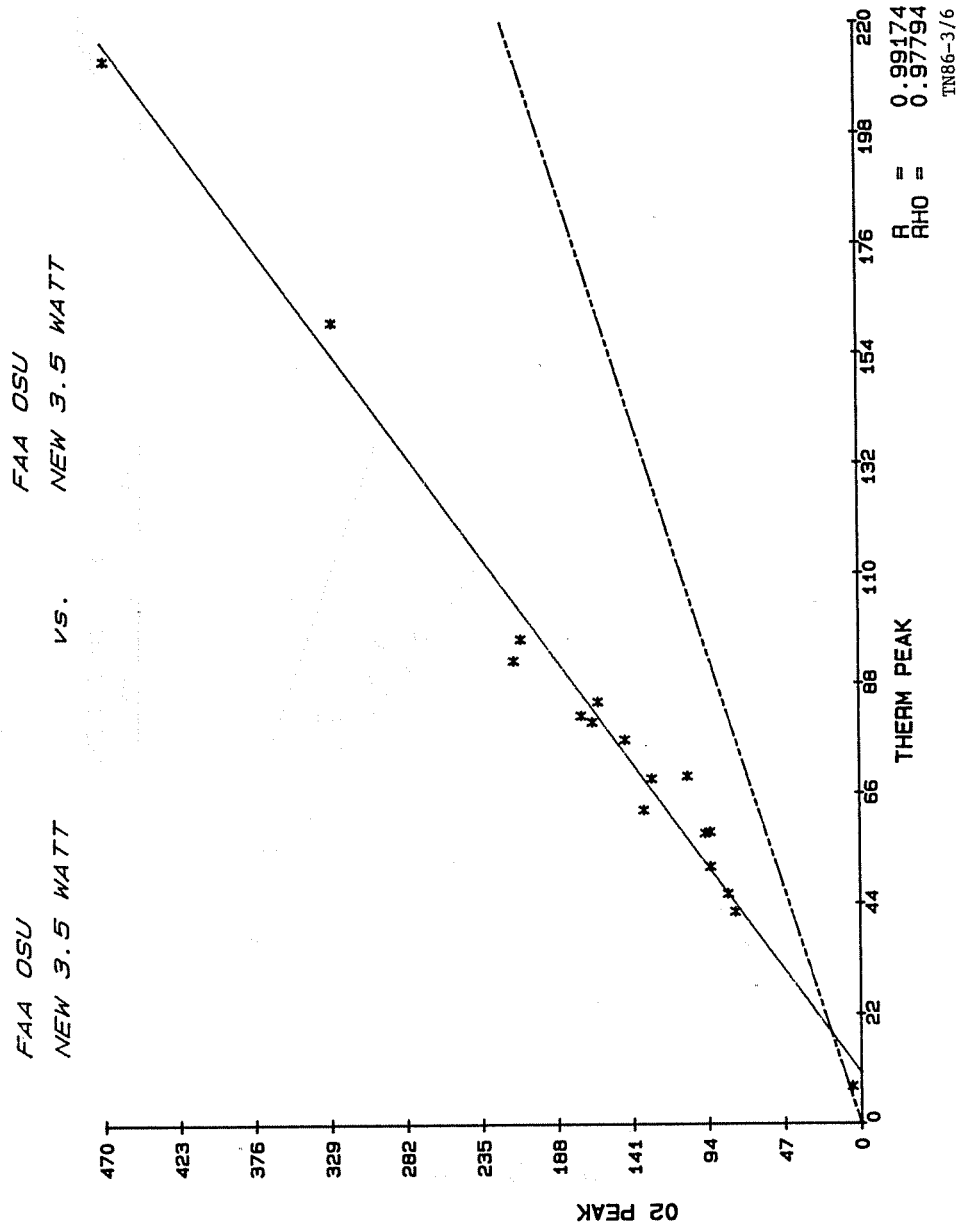


FIGURE 6. BEST FIT RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN O2 AND THERMOPILE PEAK  
 (FAA - SECOND ROUNDROBIN)

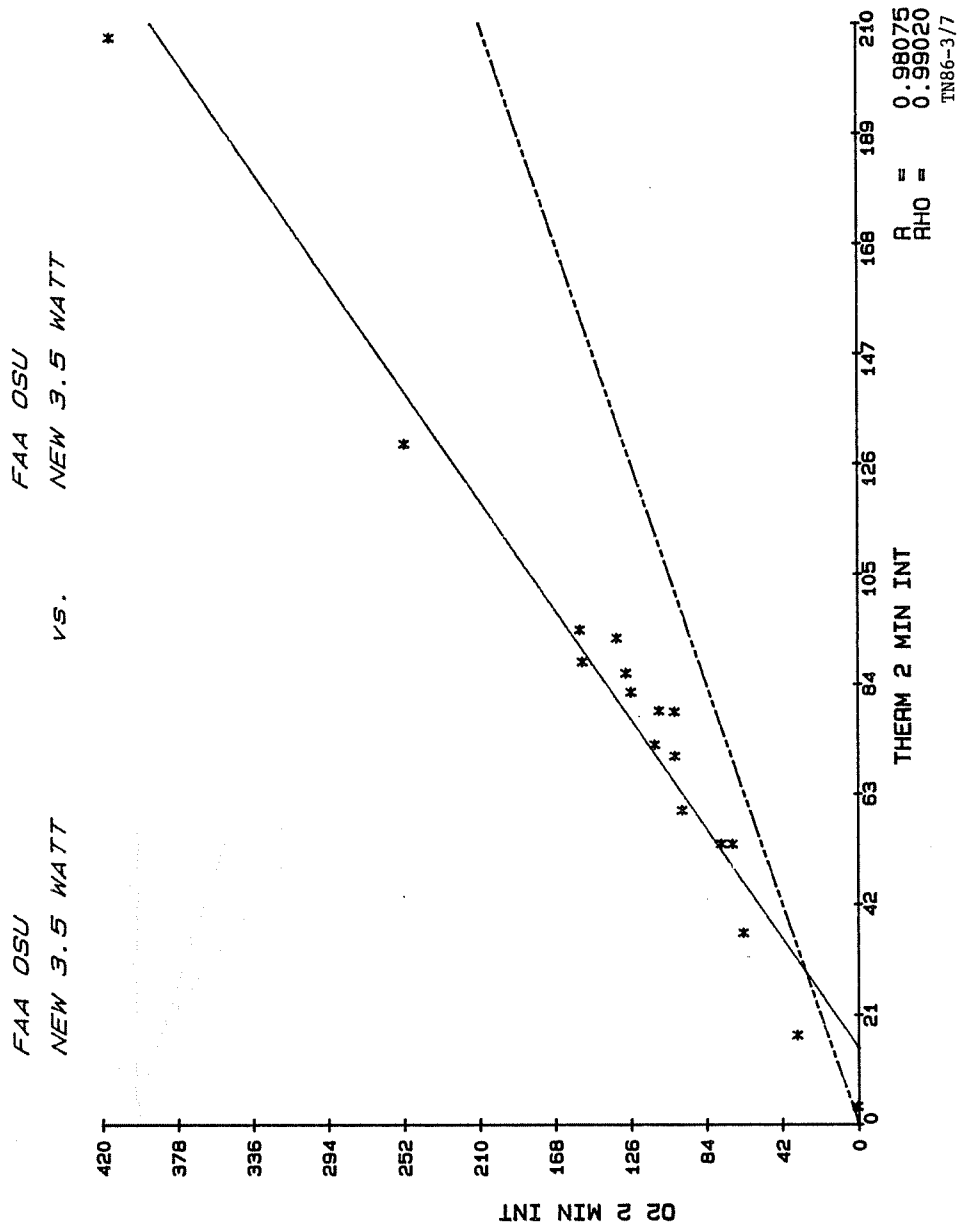


FIGURE 7. BEST FIT RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN 02 AND THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION  
 (FAA - SECOND ROUNDROBIN)



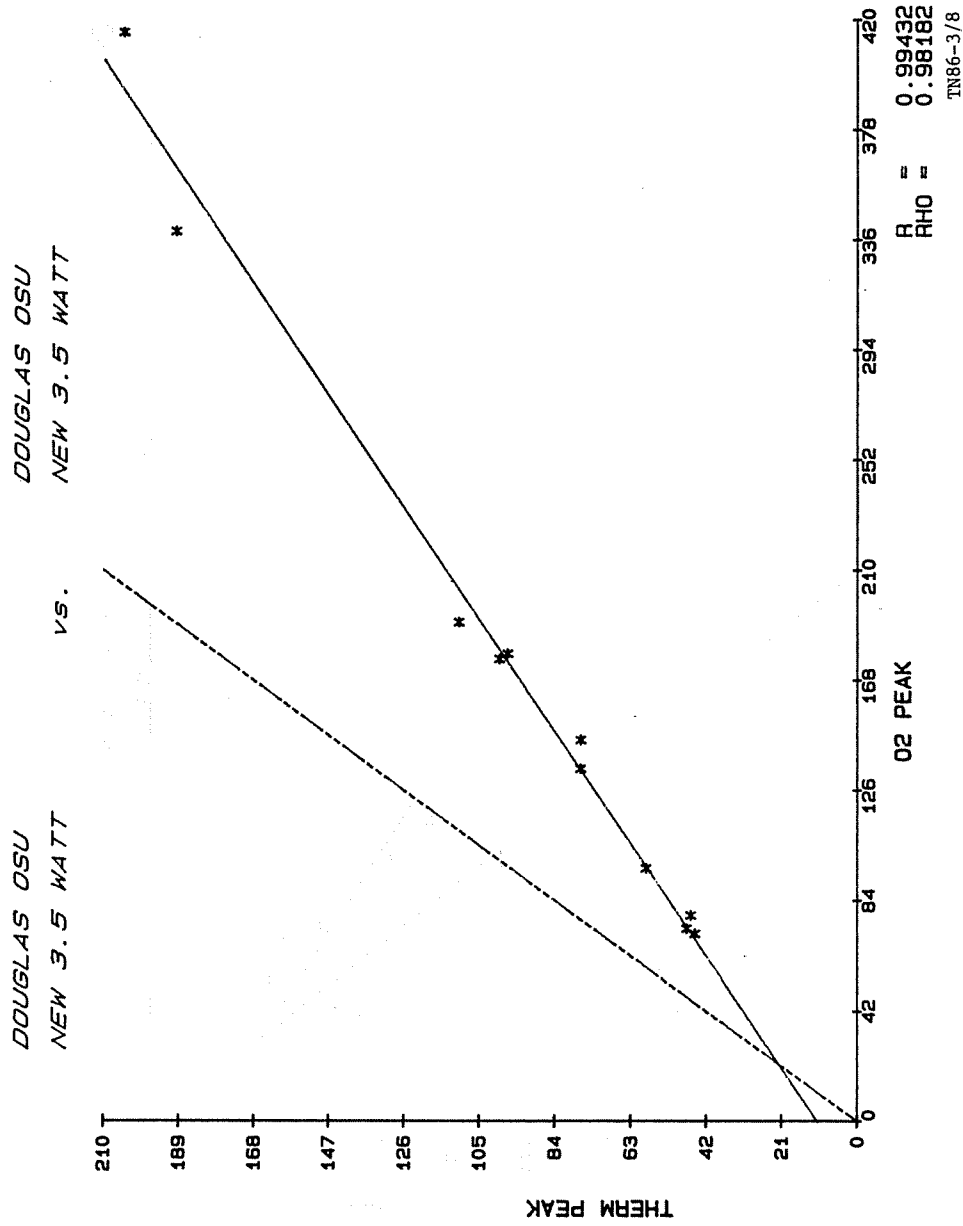


FIGURE 8. BEST FIT RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN O2 AND THERMOPILE PEAK  
(DOUGLAS - SECOND ROUNDROBIN)

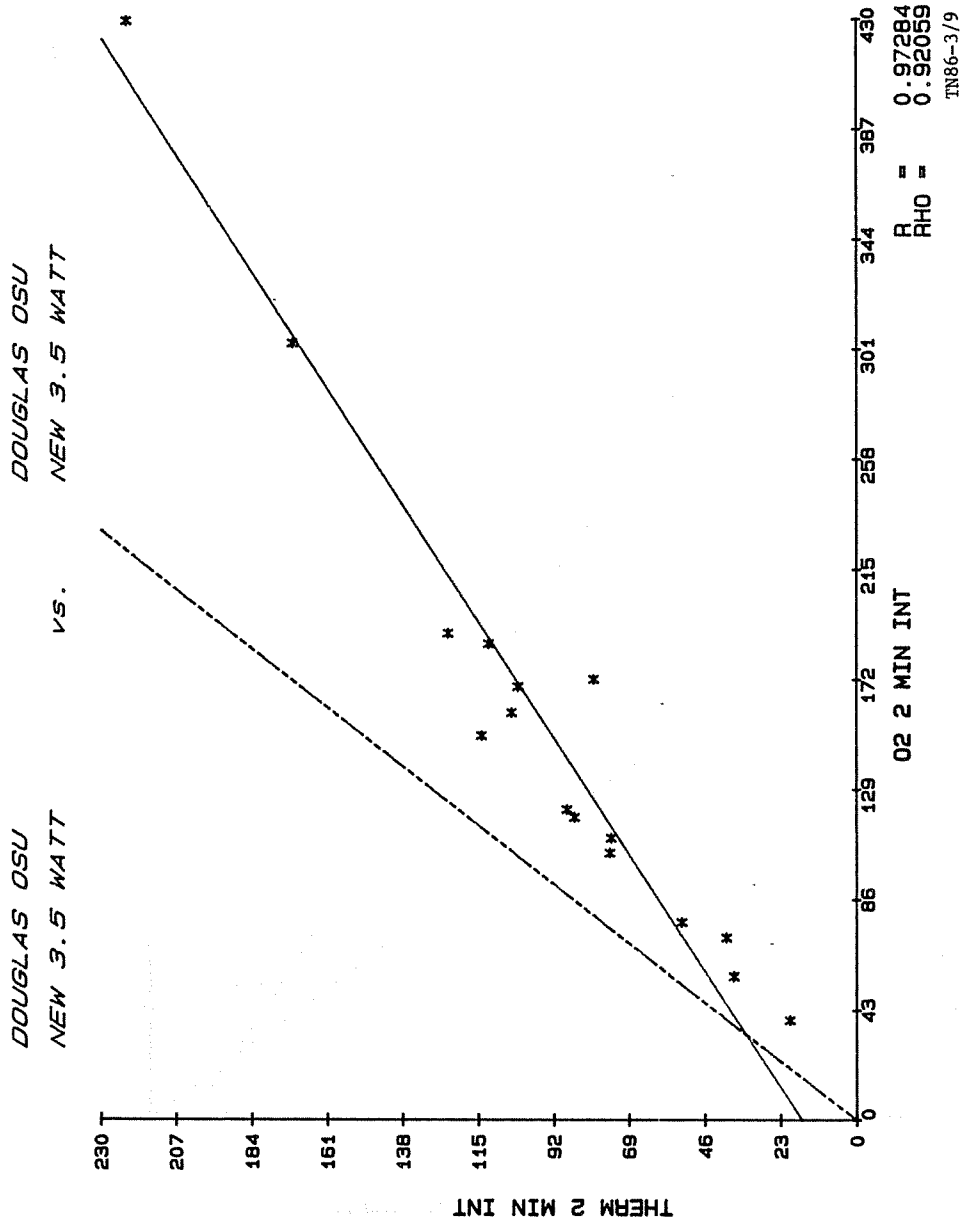


FIGURE 9. BEST FIT RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN O2 AND THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION  
(DOUGLAS - SECOND ROUNDROBIN)

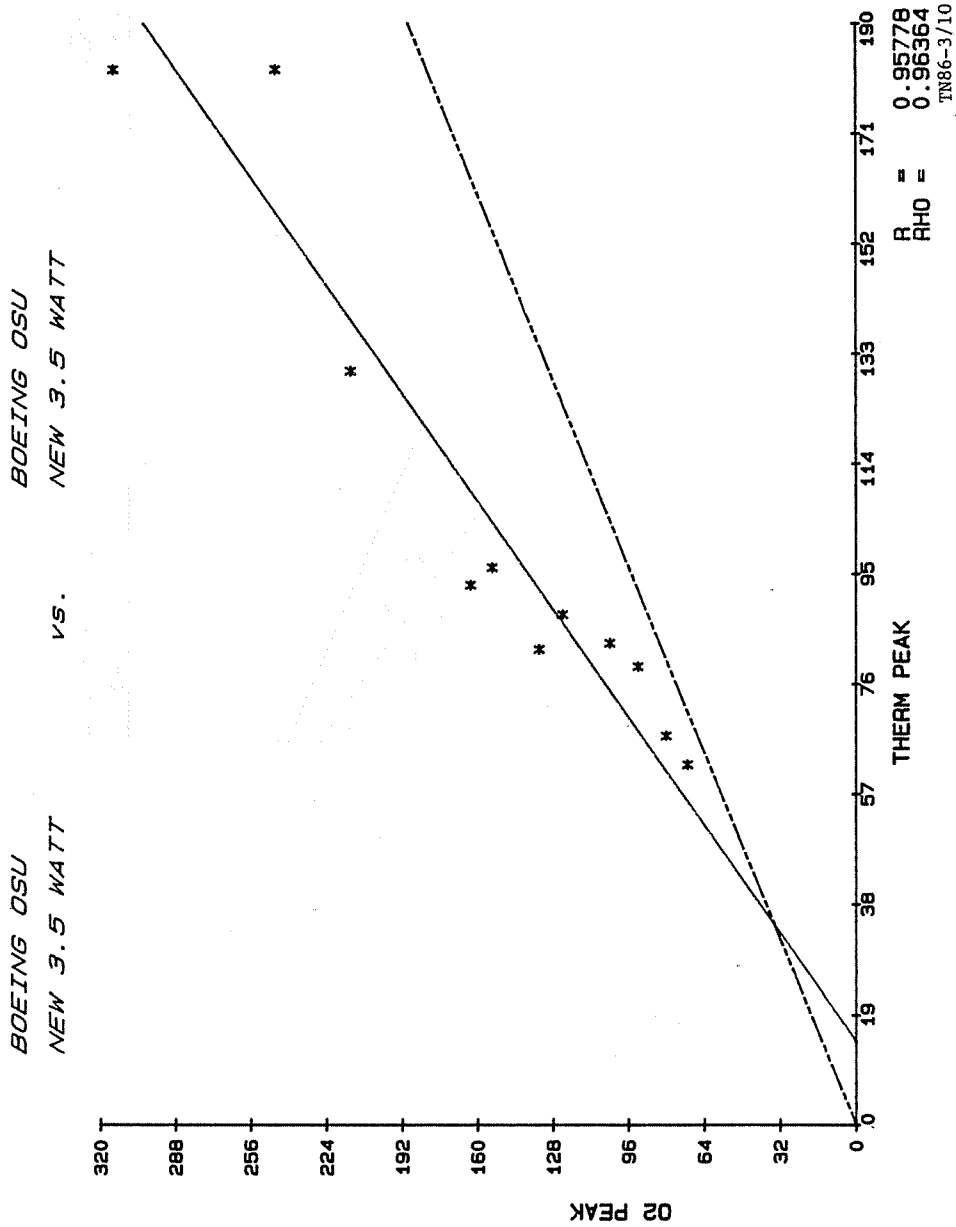


FIGURE 10. BEST FIT RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN O2 AND THERMOPILE PEAK  
(BOEING - SECOND ROUNDROBIN)

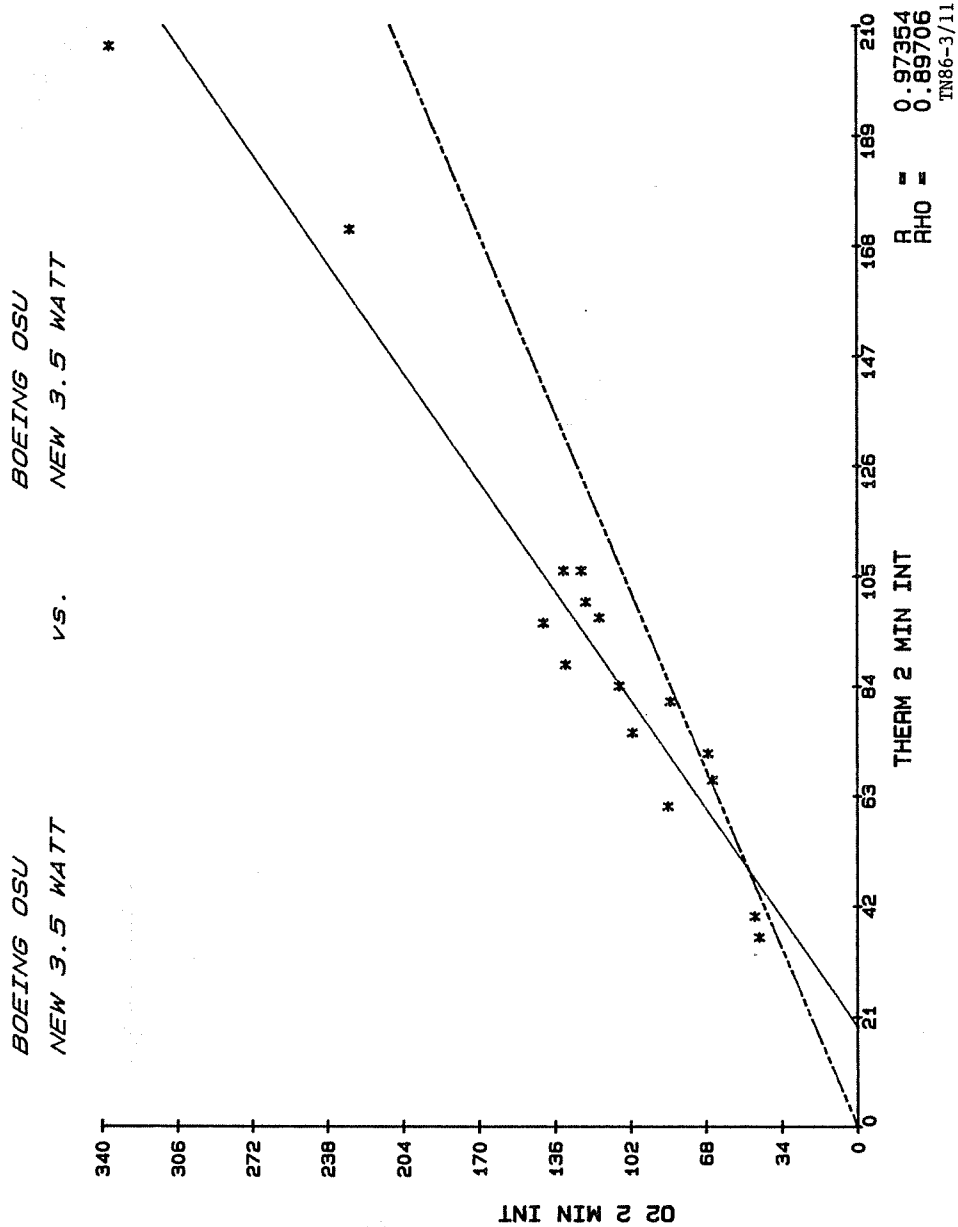
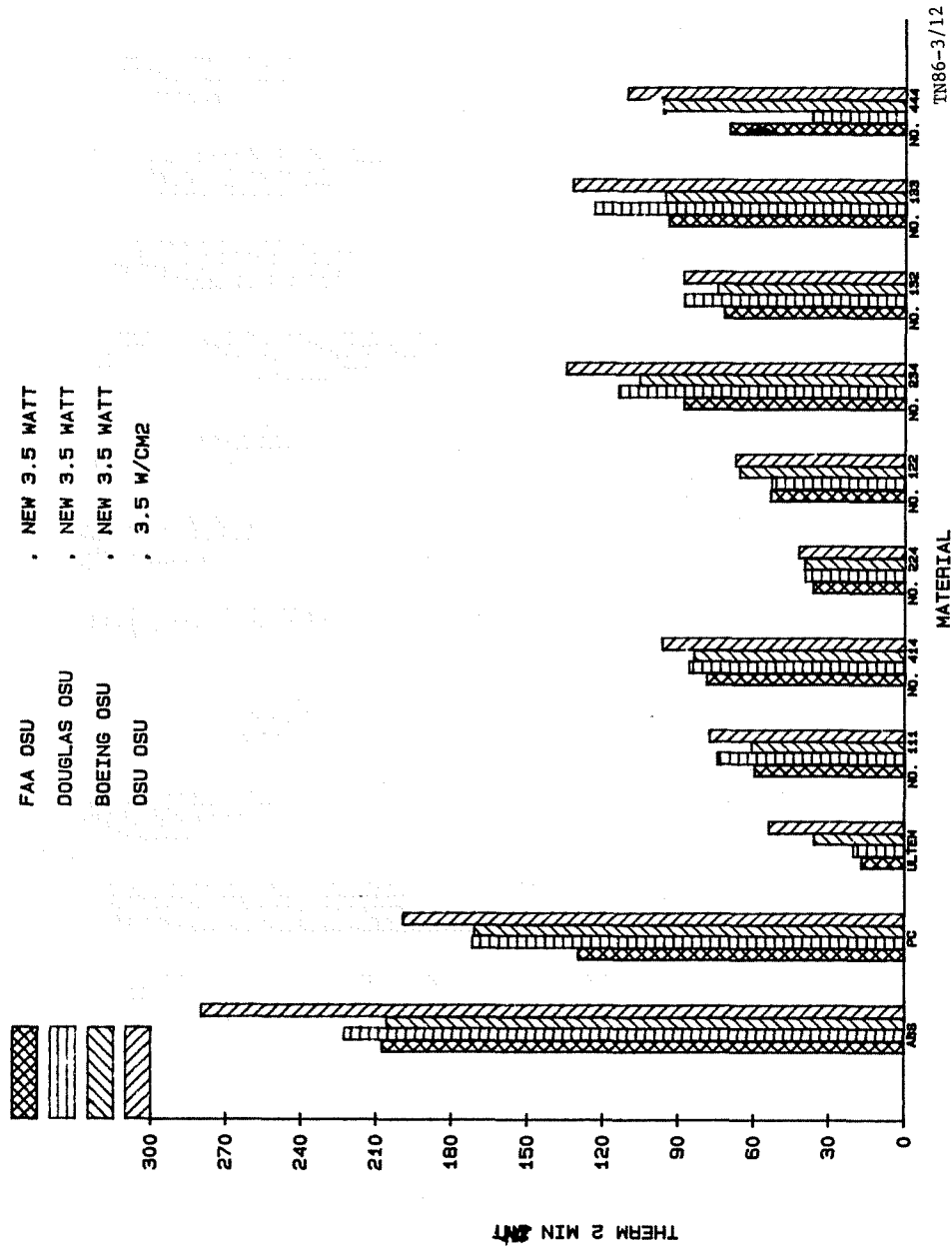


FIGURE 11. BEST FIT RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN O2 AND THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION  
(BOEING - SECOND ROUNDROBIN)



TN86-3/12

FIGURE 12. GRAPHICAL COMPARISON OF DATA (NON FAA PANELS) THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION

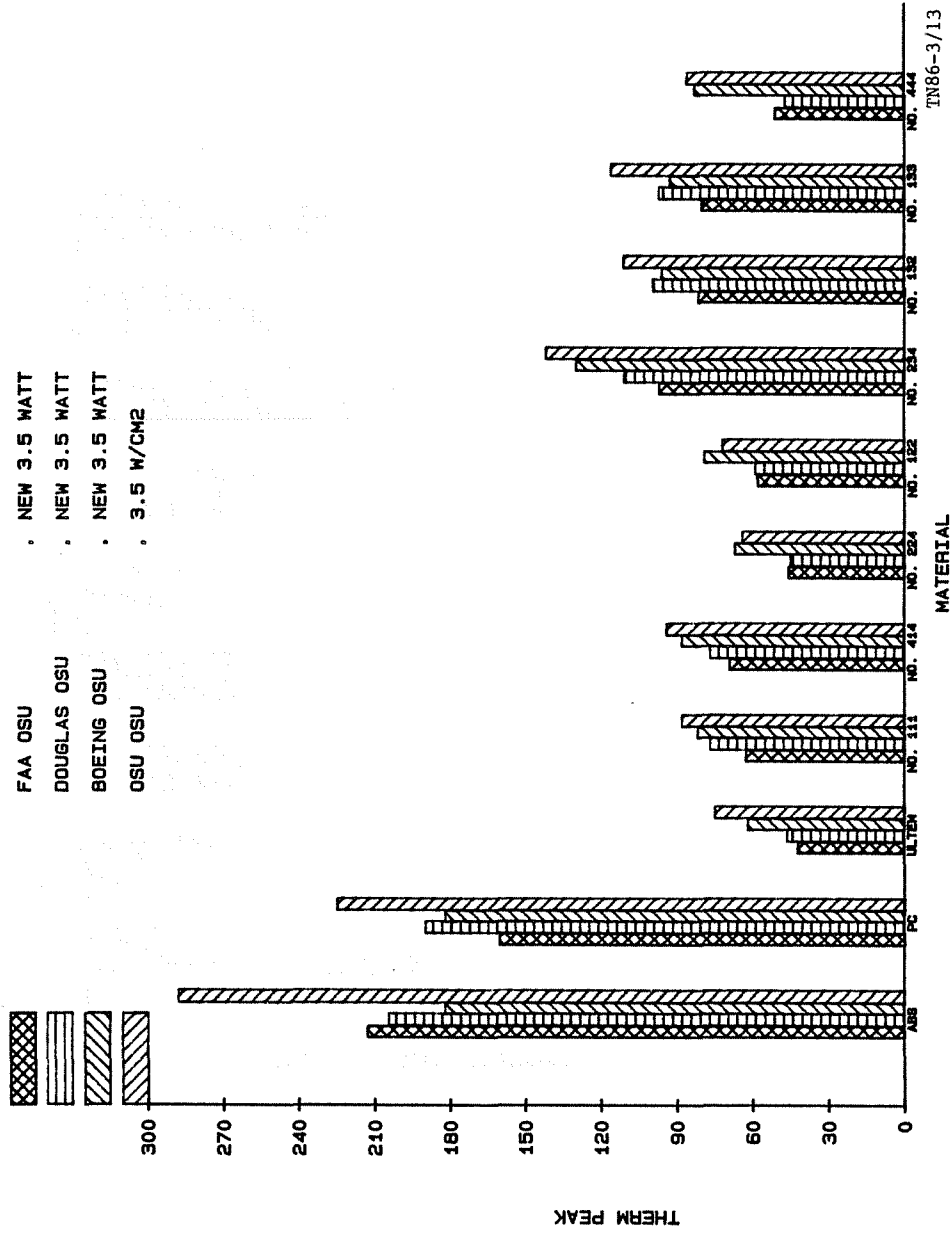
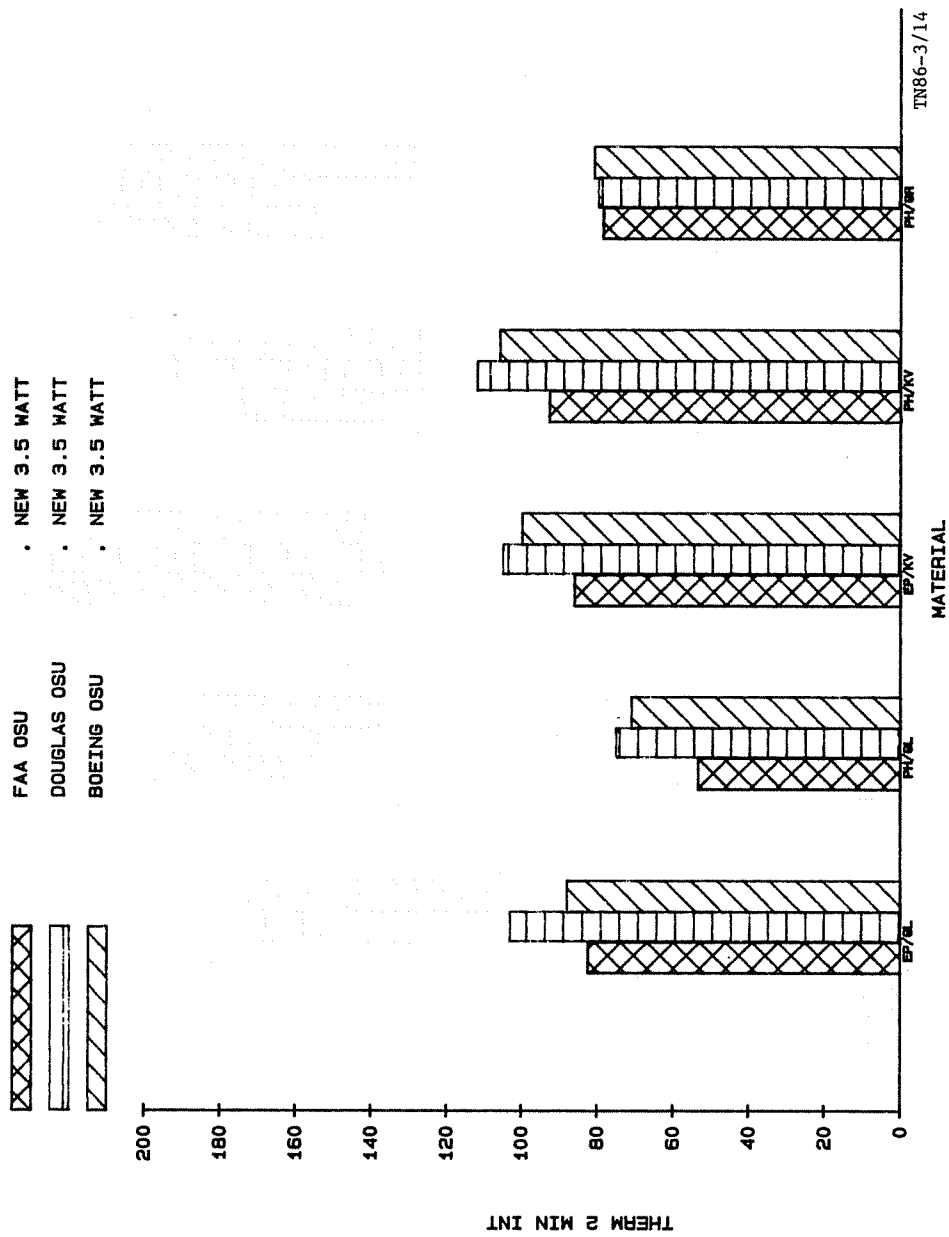


FIGURE 13. GRAPHICAL COMPARISON OF DATA (NON FAA PANELS) THERMOPILE PEAK



TN86-3/14

FIGURE 14. GRAPHICAL COMPARISON OF DATA (FAA PANELS ONLY) THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION

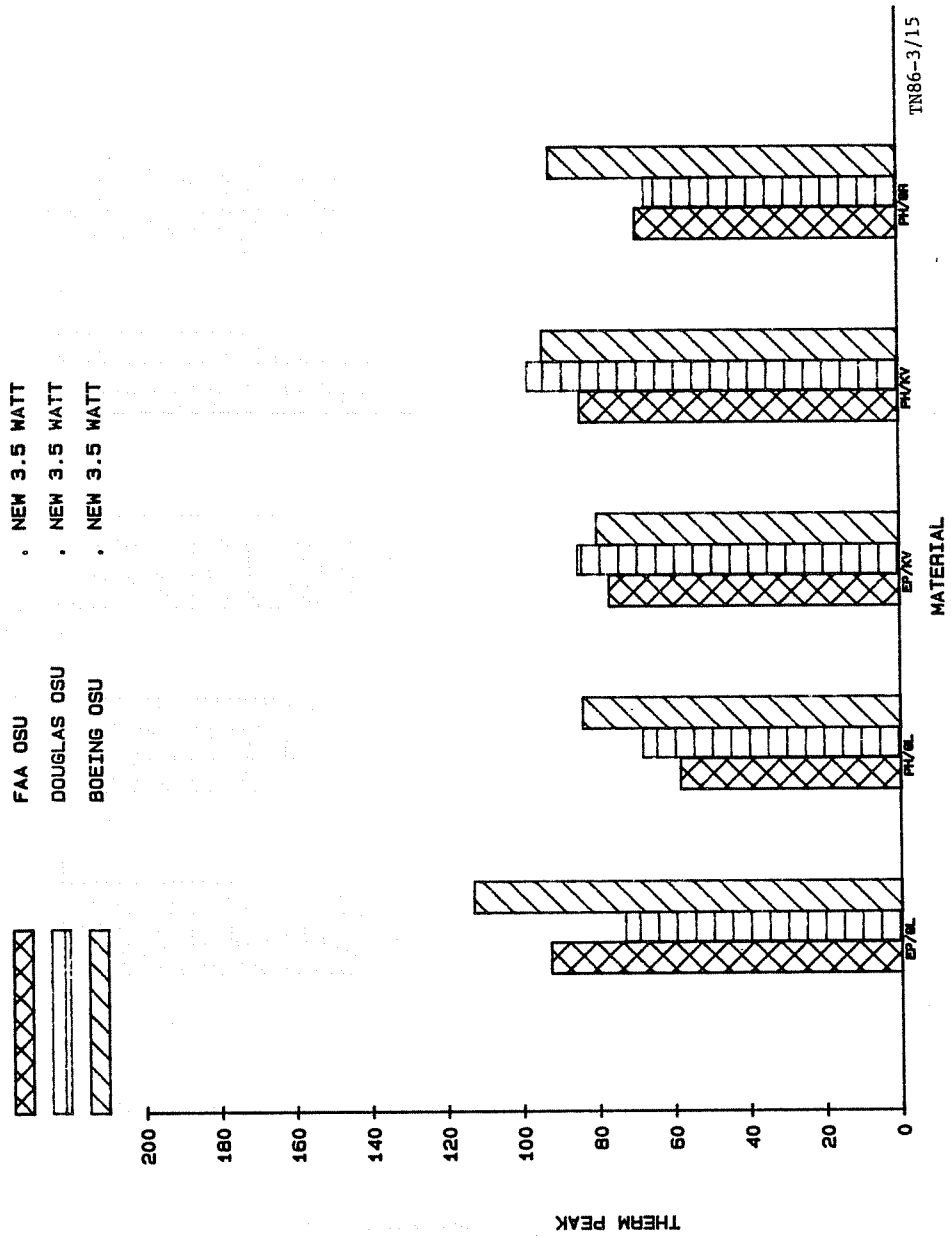


FIGURE 15. GRAPHICAL COMPARISON OF DATA (FAA PANELS ONLY) THERMOPILE PEAK



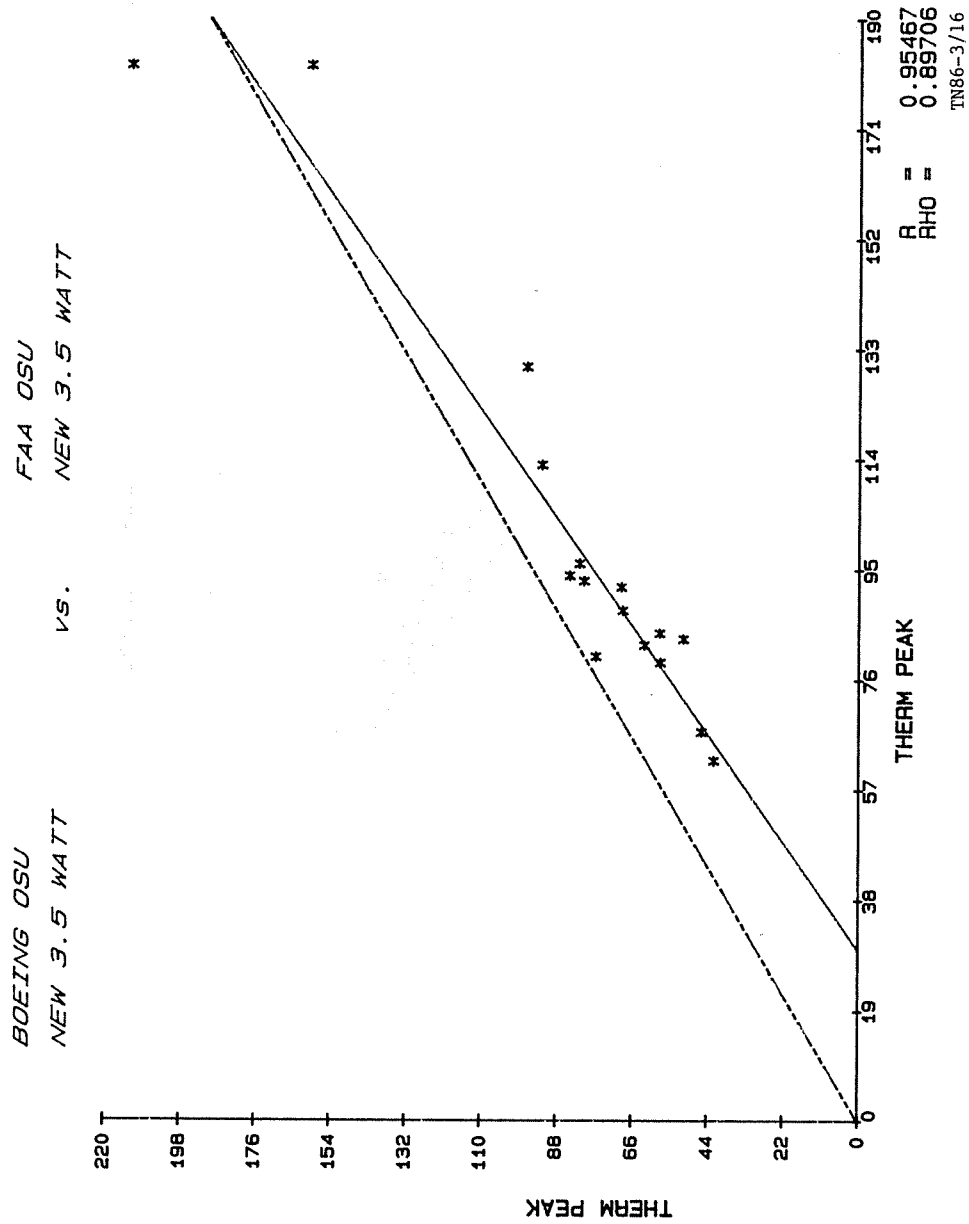


FIGURE 16. BEST FIT RELATIONSHIP OF TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE PEAK - BOEING VERSUS FAA)

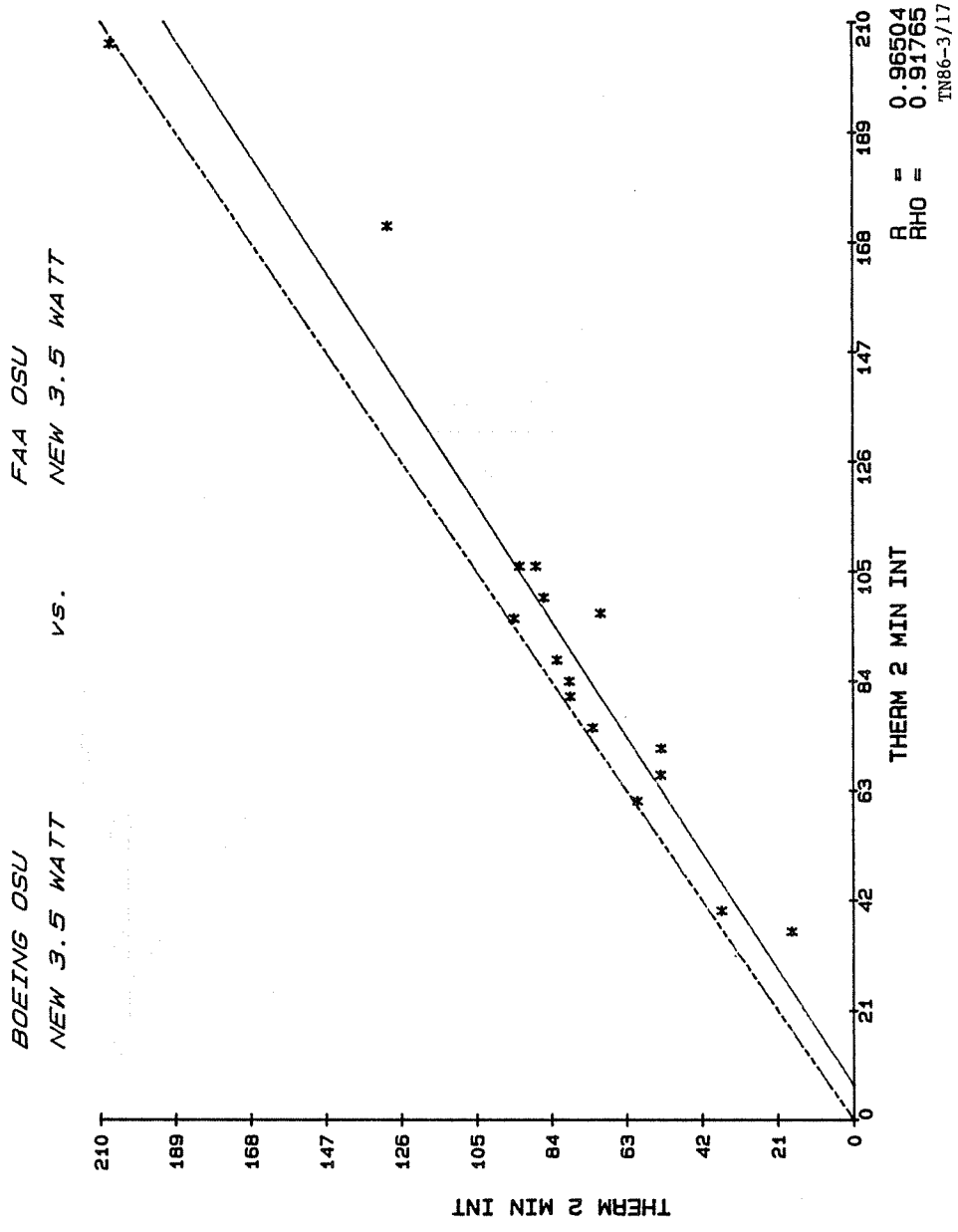


FIGURE 17. BEST FIT RELATIONSHIP OF TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION - BOEING VERSUS FAA)

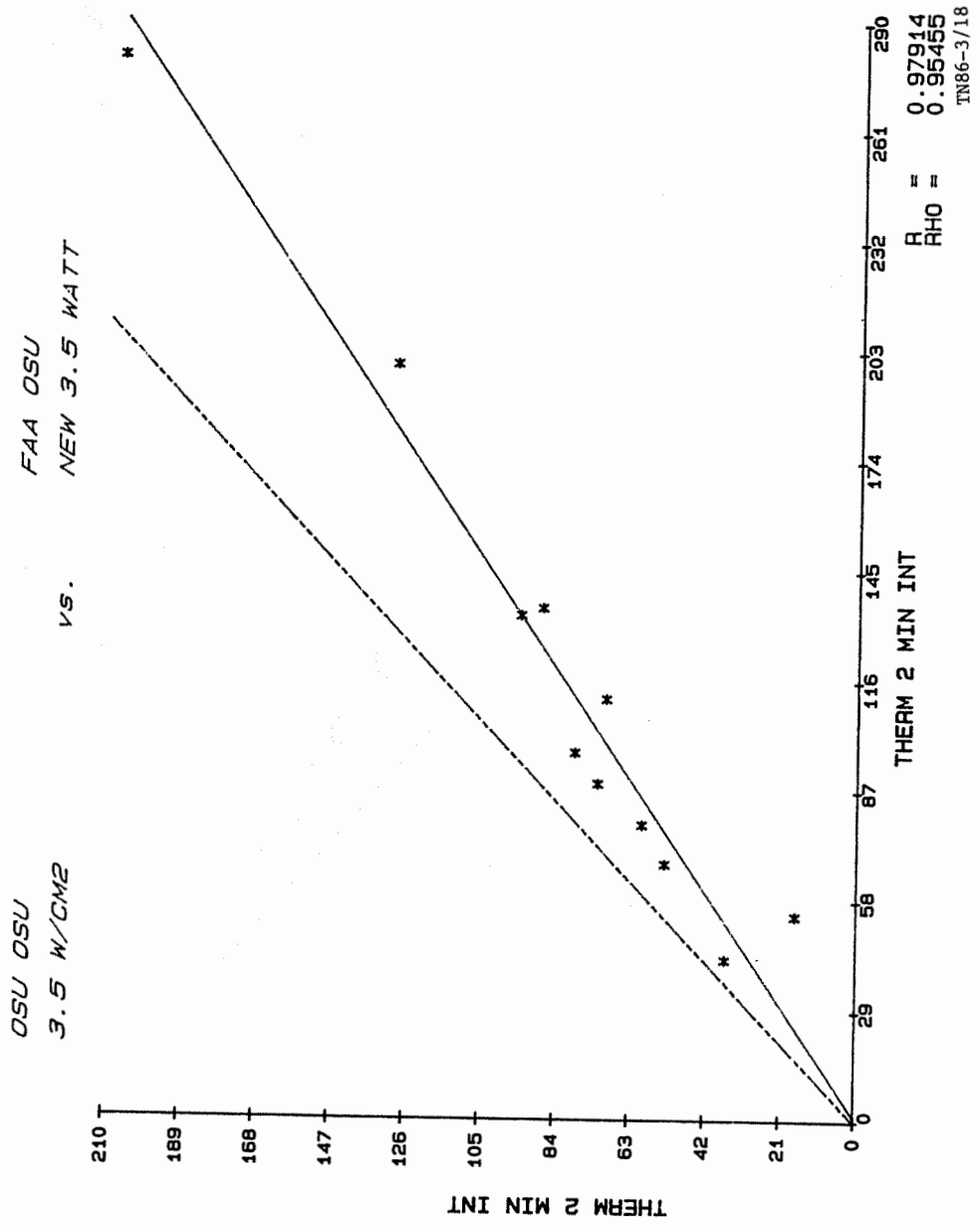


FIGURE 18. BEST FIT RELATIONSHIP OF TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION - OSU VERSUS FAA)

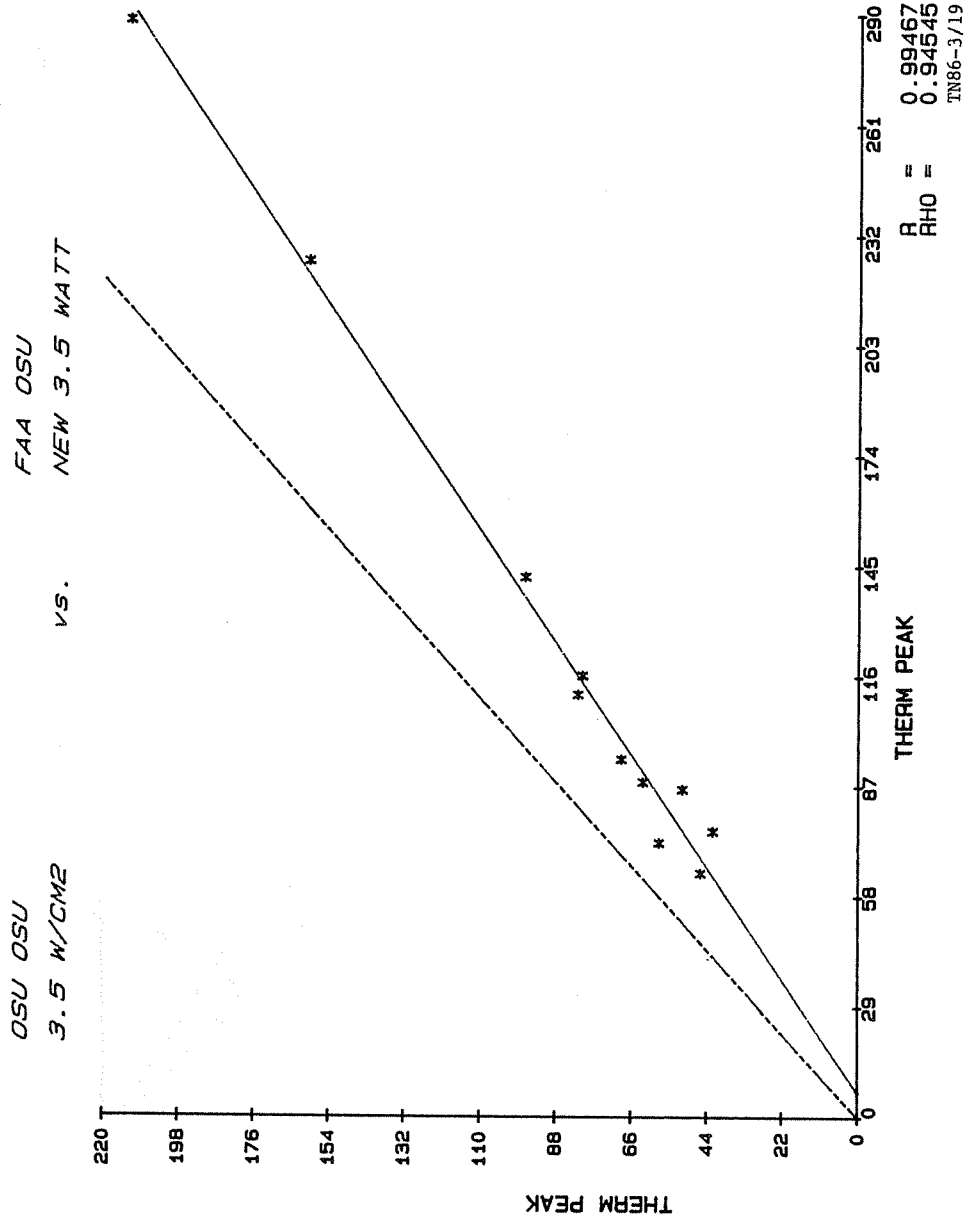


FIGURE 19. BEST FIT RELATIONSHIP OF TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE PEAK - OSU VERSUS FAA)

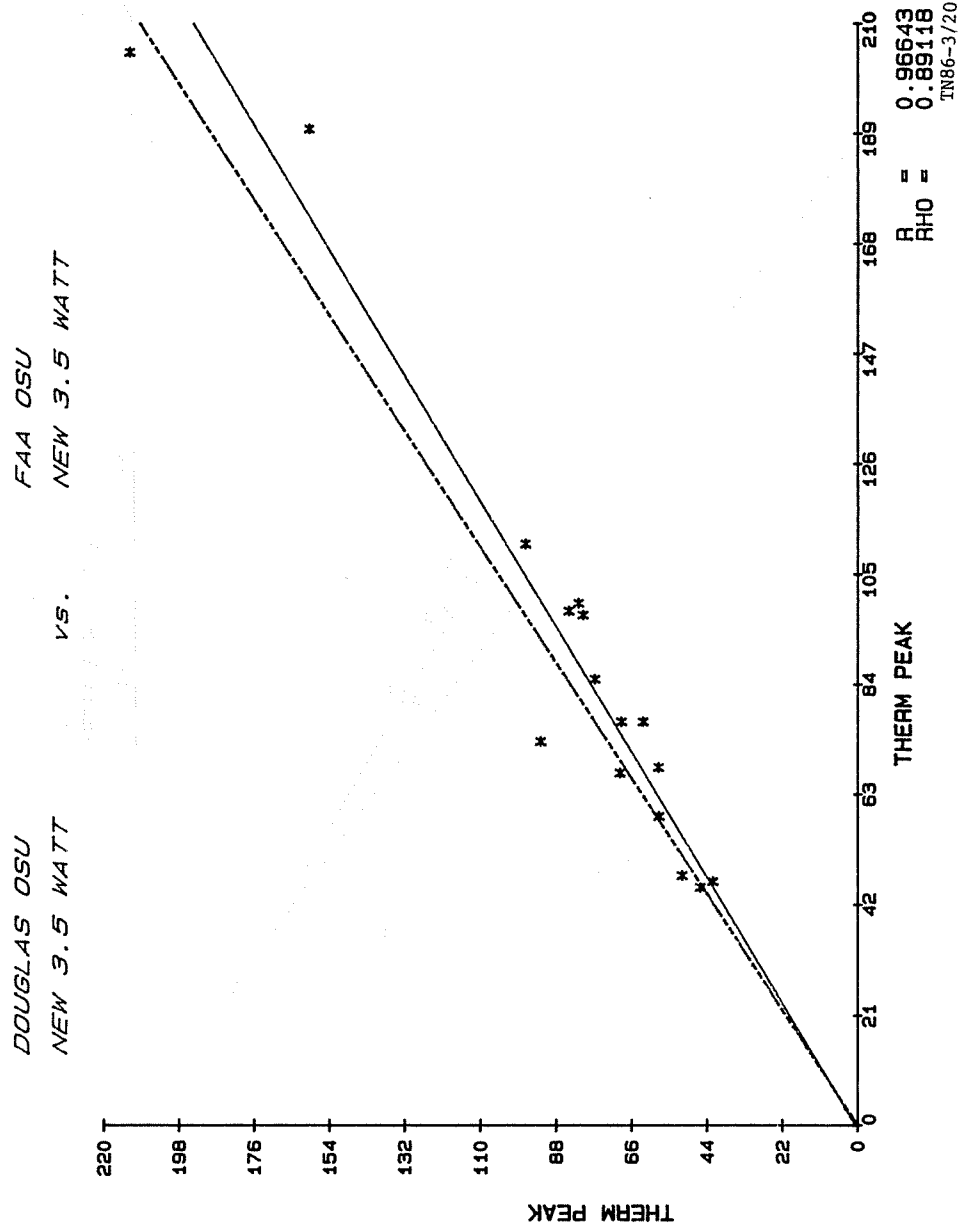


FIGURE 20. BEST FIT RELATIONSHIP OF TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE PEAK - DOUGLAS VERSUS FAA)

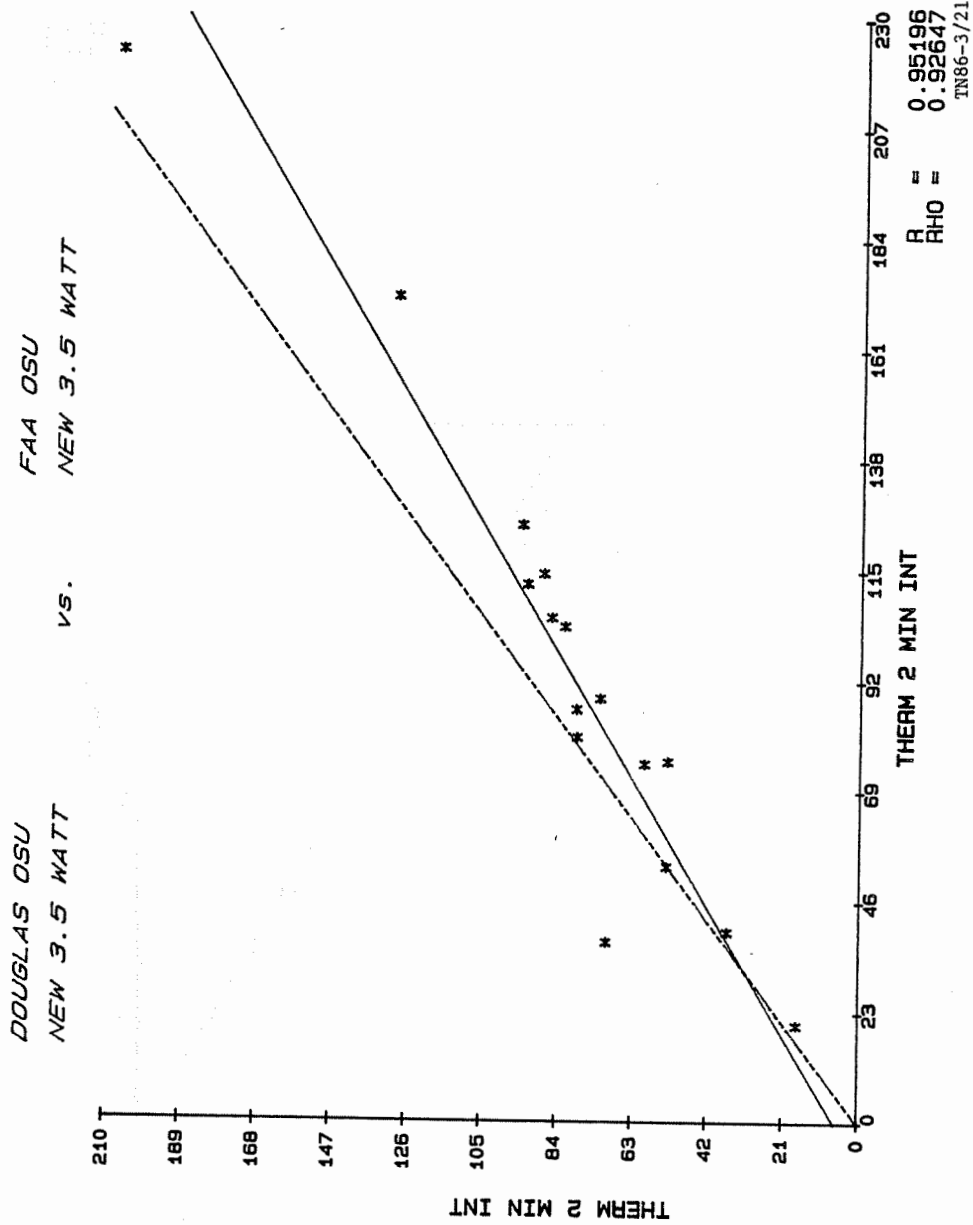
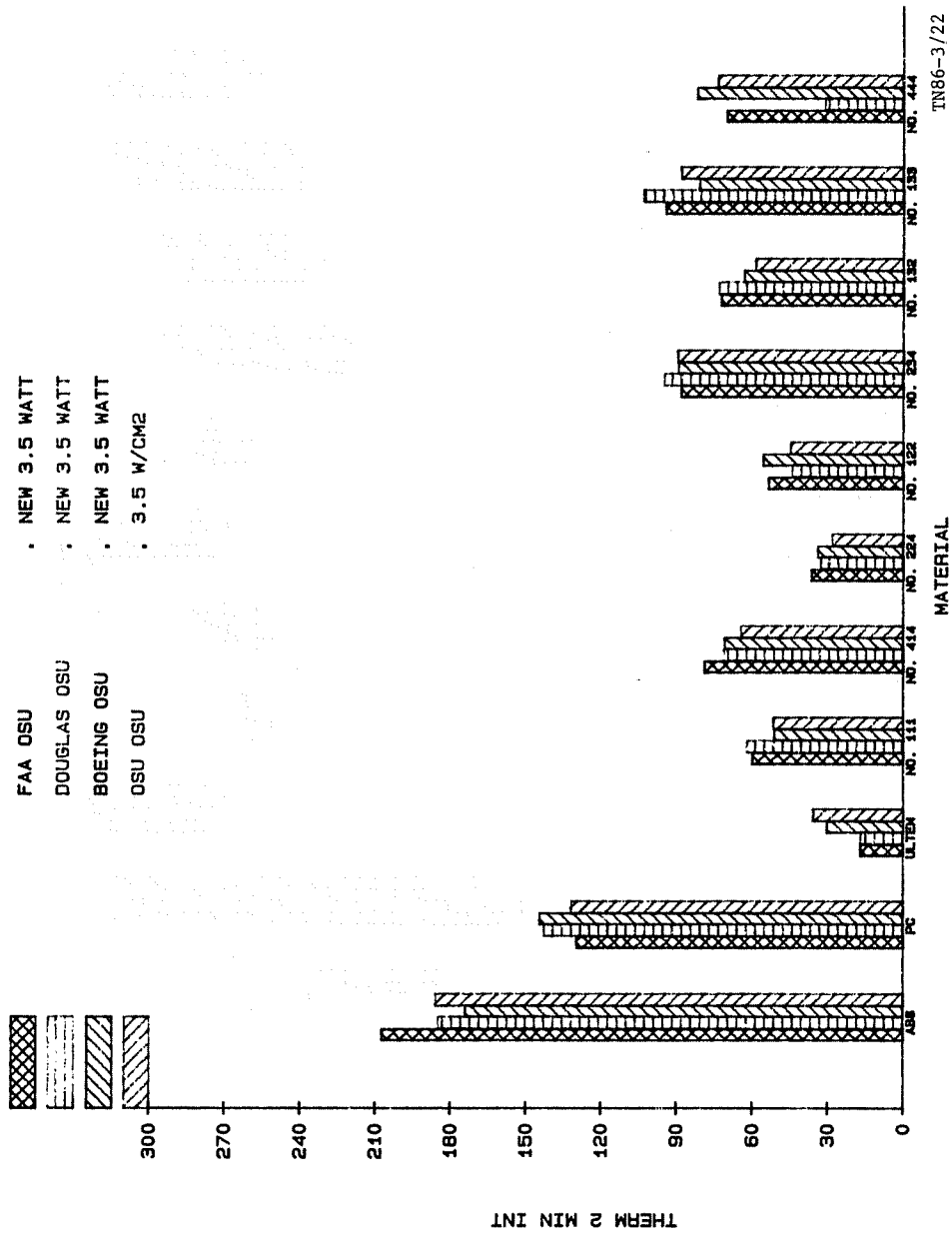


FIGURE 21. BEST FIT RELATIONSHIP OF TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION - DOUGLAS VERSUS FAA)



TN86-3/22

FIGURE 22. GRAPHICAL COMPARISON OF MODIFIED DATA (NON FAA PANELS )  
THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION

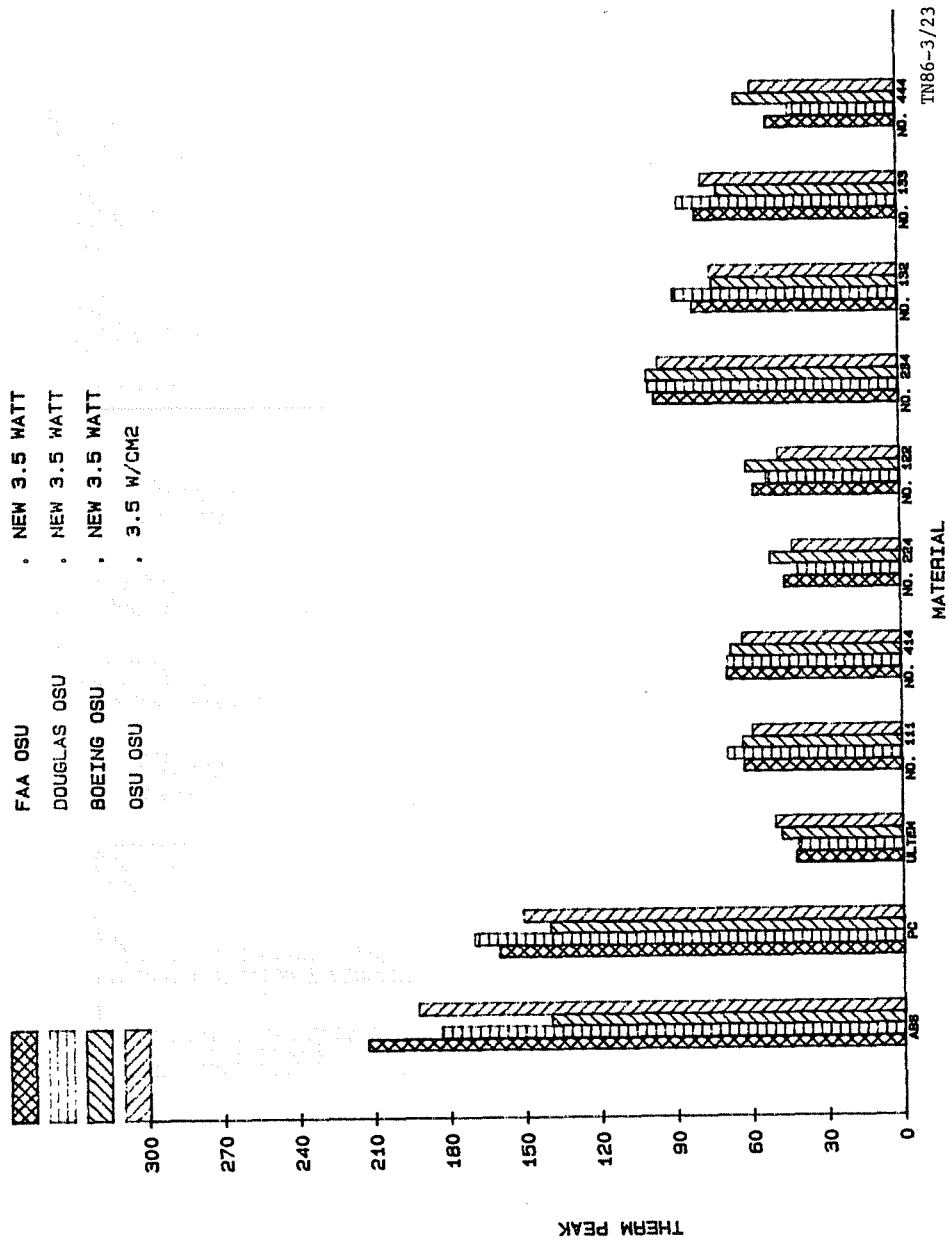


FIGURE 23. GRAPHICAL COMPARISON OF MODIFIED DATA (NON FAA PANELS) THERMOPILE PEAK



TABLE 1. DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICS

1. Correlation :  $R = (n\sum XY - \sum X \sum Y) / \sqrt{(n\sum X^2 - (\sum X)^2)(n\sum Y^2 - (\sum Y)^2)}$
2. Rank Correlation :  $RHO = 1 - ((6\sum(u - v)^2) / (n(n^2 - 1)))$   
 where u is rank number of X values  
 where v is rank number of Y values  
 (note : largest to smallest)
3. Maximum
4. Minimum
5. Range : Maximum - Minimum
6. Average :  $Xbar = \sum X / n$
7. Standard Deviation :  $S = \sqrt{(\sum X^2 - (\sum X)^2 / n) / (n - 1)}$
8. Variance :  $SS = \sum ((X - (X/n))^2) / n$
9. Coefficient of Variance :  $Sr = (100 * S) / Xbar$
10. Average Standard Deviation :  $Sbar = S / n$
11. Average Coefficient of Correlation :  $Srbar = Sr / n$

TABLE 2. OPTIONS LIST SCREEN

- 1 - INPUT DATA
  - 2 - CORR DATA
  - 3 - EDIT DATA
  - 4 - OMIT DATA
  - 5 - PLOT DATA ON SCREEN
  - 6 - PLOT DATA ON PLOTTER
  - 7 - BAR CHARTS
  - 8 - STATISTICS
  - 9 - END
- ENTER SELECTION : 2

TABLE 3. TEST SELECTION SCREEN

- 1 - FAA OSU
- 2 - RADIANT PANEL TEST
- 3 - LIMITING O2 INDEX
- 4 - C133 PANELS ONLY
- 5 - VERT. BUNSEN BURNER
- 6 - DOUGLAS OSU
- 7 - BOEING OSU
- 8 - OSU OSU
- 9 - O2 BOMB CALORIMETER
- 10 - C133 TEST

ENTER TEST NO. : 1

TABLE 4. APPARATUS SELECTION SCREEN

- 1 - 2.5 W/CM2, P
- 2 - 5.0 W/CM2, P
- 3 - 5.0 W/CM2, N
- 4 - 7.5 W/CM2, P
- 5 - 3.5 W/CM2, P
- 6 - NEW 5 WATT
- 7 - NEW 3.5 WATT

APPARATUS NO. : 6

TABLE 5. DATA SELECTION SCREEN

1 - O2 2 MIN INT  
 2 - THERM 2 MIN INT  
 3 - O2 PEAK  
 4 - THERM PEAK  
 5 - O2 1 MIN INT  
 6 - THERM 1 MIN INT  
 7 - O2 3 MIN INT  
 8 - THERM 3 MIN INT  
 9 - O2 5 MIN INT  
 10 - THERM 5 MIN INT

ENTER DATA # : 1

TABLE 6. TEST PARAMETERS

LAB	THERMOPILE 5w and 3.5w					OXYGEN DEPLETION 5w and 3.5w				
	1min.	2min.	3min.	5min.	Peak	1min.	2min.	3min.	5min.	Peak
FAA	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
BOEING	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
DOUGLAS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
OSU*	X	X	X	X	X					

\* Second Round Robin only.

TABLE 7. RANK COMPARISONS OF O2 AND THERMOPILE PEAK  
(FAA - SECOND ROUNDROBIN)

FAA OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
THERM PEAK

VS. FAA OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
O2 PEAK

RANK COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES :

RANK	MATERIAL---X---VALUE	MATERIAL---Y---VALUE
1	PEEK/PI 7.50	PEEK/PI 5.40
2	ULTEM 42.30	ULTEM 77.40
3	NO. 224 45.90	NO. 224 81.70
4	NO. 444 51.30	NO. 444 92.50
5	NO. 122 58.00	PH/GL 92.70
6	PH/GL 58.20	NO. 122 95.80
7	NO. 111 62.70	PH/GR 106.50
8	NO. 414 69.00	NO. 414 128.80
9	PH/GR 69.40	NO. 111 133.80
10	EP/KV 76.80	EP/KV 145.40
11	NO. 133 80.30	PH/KV 162.30
12	NO. 132 81.60	NO. 133 165.90
13	PH/KV 84.40	NO. 132 172.70
14	EP/GL 92.60	NO. 234 210.30
15	NO. 234 97.00	EP/GL 214.80
16	PC 160.30	PC 326.90
17	ABS 212.90	ABS 468.10

RANK COEFFICIENT FOR CORRELATION IS : 0.97794

TABLE 8. CORRELATION OF O2 AND THERMOPILE PEAK  
(FAA - SECOND ROUNDROBIN)

FAA OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
THERM PEAK

VS. FAA OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
O2 PEAK

COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES:

MATERIAL	X	Y
EP/GL	92.60	214.80
PH/GL	58.20	92.70
EP/KV	76.80	145.40
PH/KV	84.40	162.30
PH/GR	69.40	106.50
PEEK/PI	7.50	5.40
ABS	212.90	468.10
PC	160.30	326.90
ULTEM	42.30	77.40
NO. 111	62.70	133.80
NO. 414	69.00	128.80
NO. 224	45.90	81.70
NO. 122	58.00	95.80
NO. 234	97.00	210.30
NO. 132	81.60	172.70
NO. 133	80.30	165.90
NO. 444	51.30	92.50

THE COEFFICIENT IS: 0.99174

TABLE 9. RANK COMPARISONS OF O2 AND THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION  
(FAA - SECOND ROUNDROBIN)

FAA OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
THERM 2 MIN INT

VS. FAA OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
O2 2 MIN INT

RANK COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES :

RANK	MATERIAL---X---VALUE	MATERIAL---Y---VALUE
1	PEEK/PI 3.40	PEEK/PI 0.70
2	ULTEM 17.10	ULTEM 33.70
3	NO. 224 36.50	NO. 224 63.40
4	PH/GL 53.40	PH/GL 69.40
5	NO. 122 53.50	NO. 122 75.50
6	NO. 111 59.90	NO. 111 97.40
7	NO. 444 70.20	NO. 444 101.50
8	NO. 132 72.40	PH/GR 101.60
9	PH/GR 78.70	NO. 414 110.20
10	NO. 414 78.90	NO. 132 112.60
11	EP/GL 82.40	EP/GL 125.80
12	EP/KV 86.10	EP/KV 128.50
13	NO. 234 88.30	PH/KV 133.60
14	PH/KV 92.80	NO. 234 152.60
15	NO. 133 94.40	NO. 133 154.00
16	PC 129.70	PC 251.50
17	ABS 207.40	ABS 415.90

RANK COEFFICIENT FOR CORRELATION IS : 0.99020

TABLE 10. CORRELATION OF O2 AND THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION  
(FAA - SECOND ROUNDROBIN)

FAA OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
THERM 2 MIN INT

VS. FAA OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
O2 2 MIN INT

COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES:

MATERIAL	X	Y
EP/GL	82.40	125.80
PH/GL	53.40	69.40
EP/KV	86.10	128.50
PH/KV	92.80	133.60
PH/GR	78.70	101.60
PEEK/PI	3.40	0.70
ABS	207.40	415.90
PC	129.70	251.50
ULTEM	17.10	33.70
NO. 111	59.90	97.40
NO. 414	78.90	110.20
NO. 224	36.50	63.40
NO. 122	53.50	75.50
NO. 234	88.30	152.60
NO. 132	72.40	112.60
NO. 133	94.40	154.00
NO. 444	70.20	101.50

THE COEFFICIENT IS: 0.98075

TABLE 11. PERCENT STANDARD DEVIATION BETWEEN LABS (ROUNDROBIN INSERIVCE MATERIALS)

	OLD 5 Watt 02 Therm.	NEW 5 Watt 02 Therm.	NEW 3.5 Watt 02 Therm.
2 Min. Int.	42.04 25.16	8.40 5.44 (8.76*)	11.55 12.13(17.95)*

\*Including Ed Smith's Data.

TABLE 12. STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF DATA THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION  
STATISTICS SUMMARY

LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT
FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT
DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT
BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT
OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT

-----MATERIALS-----

EP/GL	PH/GL
EP/KV	PH/KV
PH/GR	ABS
PC	ULTEM
NO. 111	NO. 414
NO. 224	NO. 122
NO. 234	NO. 132
NO. 133	NO. 444

FOR THE PRECEEDING 16 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION	=	12.32
AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE	=	14.09
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT	=	0.87619

TABLE 13. STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF DATA THERMOPILE PEAK

STATISTICS SUMMARY

LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT
FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK
DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK
BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK
OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK

-----MATERIALS-----

EP/GL	PH/GL
EP/KV	PH/KV
PH/GR	ABS
PC	ULTEM
NO. 111	NO. 414
NO. 224	NO. 122
NO. 234	NO. 132
NO. 133	NO. 444

FOR THE PRECEDING 16 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION	=	13.73
AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE	=	14.46
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT	=	0.85283

TABLE 14. RANK COMPARISON BETWEEN TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION - BOEING VERSUS FAA)

BOEING OSU	FAA OSU
NEW 3.5 WATT	VS. NEW 3.5 WATT
THERM 2 MIN INT	THERM 2 MIN INT

RANK COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES :

RANK	MATERIAL---X---VALUE	MATERIAL---Y---VALUE
1	ULTEM 36.00	ULTEM 17.10
2	NO. 224 40.00	NO. 224 36.50
3	NO. 111 61.00	PH/GL 53.40
4	NO. 122 66.00	NO. 122 53.50
5	PH/GL 71.00	NO. 111 59.90
6	NO. 132 75.00	NO. 444 70.20
7	PH/GR 81.00	NO. 132 72.40
8	NO. 414 84.00	PH/GR 78.70
9	EP/GL 88.00	NO. 414 78.90
10	NO. 133 96.00	EP/GL 82.40
11	NO. 444 97.00	EP/KV 86.10
12	EP/KV 100.00	NO. 234 88.30
13	NO. 234 106.00	PH/KV 92.80
14	PH/KV 106.00	NO. 133 94.40
15	PC 171.00	PC 129.70
16	ABS 206.00	ABS 207.40

RANK COEFFICIENT FOR CORRELATION IS : 0.91765

TABLE 15. RANK COMPARISON BETWEEN TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE PEAK - BOEING VERSUS FAA)

BOEING OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
THERM PEAK

VS. FAA OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
THERM PEAK

RANK COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES :

RANK	MATERIAL---X---VALUE	MATERIAL---Y---VALUE
1	ULTEM 62.00	ULTEM 42.30
2	NO. 224 67.00	NO. 224 45.90
3	NO. 122 79.00	NO. 444 51.30
4	EP/KV 80.00	NO. 122 58.00
5	NO. 111 82.00	PH/GL 58.20
6	NO. 444 83.00	NO. 111 62.70
7	PH/GL 84.00	NO. 414 69.00
8	NO. 414 88.00	PH/GR 69.40
9	PH/GR 92.00	EP/KV 76.80
10	NO. 133 93.00	NO. 133 80.30
11	PH/KV 94.00	NO. 132 81.60
12	NO. 132 96.00	PH/KV 84.40
13	EP/GL 113.00	EP/GL 92.60
14	NO. 234 130.00	NO. 234 97.00
15	PC 182.00	PC 160.30
16	ABS 182.00	ABS 212.90

RANK COEFFICIENT FOR CORRELATION IS : 0.89706

TABLE 16. CORRELATION BETWEEN TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION - BOEING VERSUS FAA)

BOEING OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
THERM 2 MIN INT

VS. FAA OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
THERM 2 MIN INT

COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES:

MATERIAL	X	Y
EP/GL	88.00	82.40
PH/GL	71.00	53.40
EP/KV	100.00	86.10
PH/KV	106.00	92.80
PH/GR	81.00	78.70
ABS	206.00	207.40
PC	171.00	129.70
ULTEM	36.00	17.10
NO. 111	61.00	59.90
NO. 414	84.00	78.90
NO. 224	40.00	36.50
NO. 122	66.00	53.50
NO. 234	106.00	88.30
NO. 132	75.00	72.40
NO. 133	96.00	94.40
NO. 444	97.00	70.20

THE COEFFICIENT IS: 0.96504



TABLE 17. CORRELATION BETWEEN TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE PEAK - BOEING VERSUS FAA)

BOEING OSU  
NEW 3.5 WATT  
THERM PEAK

FAA OSU  
VS. NEW 3.5 WATT  
THERM PEAK

COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES:

MATERIAL	X	Y
EP/GL	113.00	92.60
PH/GL	84.00	58.20
EP/KV	80.00	76.80
PH/KV	94.00	84.40
PH/GR	92.00	69.40
ABS	182.00	212.90
PC	182.00	160.30
ULTEM	62.00	42.30
NO. 111	82.00	62.70
NO. 414	88.00	69.00
NO. 224	67.00	45.90
NO. 122	79.00	58.00
NO. 234	130.00	97.00
NO. 132	96.00	81.60
NO. 133	93.00	80.30
NO. 444	83.00	51.30

THE COEFFICIENT IS: 0.95467

TABLE 18. CORRELATION BETWEEN TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION - OSU VERSUS FAA)

OSU OSU  
3.5 W/CM2  
THERM 2 MIN INT

FAA OSU  
VS. NEW 3.5 WATT  
THERM 2 MIN INT

RANK COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES :

RANK	MATERIAL---X---VALUE	MATERIAL---Y---VALUE
1	NO. 224 42.30	ULTEM 17.10
2	ULTEM 53.90	NO. 224 36.50
3	NO. 122 67.50	NO. 122 53.50
4	NO. 111 77.80	NO. 111 59.90
5	NO. 132 88.50	NO. 444 70.20
6	NO. 414 96.80	NO. 132 72.40
7	NO. 444 111.00	NO. 414 78.90
8	NO. 133 133.00	NO. 234 88.30
9	NO. 234 135.00	NO. 133 94.40
10	PC 199.00	PC 129.70
11	ABS 280.00	ABS 207.40

RANK COEFFICIENT FOR CORRELATION IS : 0.95455



TABLE 21. CORRELATION BETWEEN TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE PEAK - OSU VERSUS FAA)

	OSU OSU 3.5 W/CM <sup>2</sup> THERM PEAK	FAA OSU VS. NEW 3.5 WATT THERM PEAK
COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES:		
MATERIAL	X	Y
ABS	288.00	212.90
PC	225.00	160.30
ULTEM	75.00	42.30
NO. 111	88.00	62.70
NO. 414	94.00	69.00
NO. 224	64.00	45.90
NO. 122	72.00	58.00
NO. 234	142.00	97.00
NO. 132	111.00	81.60
NO. 133	116.00	80.30
NO. 444	86.00	51.30

THE COEFFICIENT IS: 0.99467

TABLE 22. RANK COMPARISON BETWEEN TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE PEAK - DOUGLAS VERSUS FAA)

	DOUGLAS OSU NEW 3.5 WATT THERM PEAK	FAA OSU VS. NEW 3.5 WATT THERM PEAK
RANK COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES :		
RANK	MATERIAL---X---VALUE	MATERIAL---Y---VALUE
1	NO. 224 45.20	ULTEM 42.30
2	ULTEM 46.33	NO. 224 45.90
3	NO. 444 47.46	NO. 444 51.30
4	NO. 122 58.76	NO. 122 58.00
5	PH/GR 67.01	PH/GL 58.20
6	PH/GL 68.03	NO. 111 62.70
7	EP/GL 73.00	NO. 414 69.00
8	NO. 414 76.84	PH/GR 69.40
9	NO. 111 76.84	EP/KV 76.80
10	EP/KV 84.90	NO. 133 80.30
11	NO. 133 97.18	NO. 132 81.60
12	PH/KV 97.97	PH/KV 84.40
13	NO. 132 99.44	EP/GL 92.60
14	NO. 234 110.74	NO. 234 97.00
15	PC 189.84	PC 160.30
16	ABS 204.53	ABS 212.90

RANK COEFFICIENT FOR CORRELATION IS : 0.89118

TABLE 23. CORRELATION BETWEEN TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE PEAK - DOUGLAS VERSUS FAA)

	DOUGLAS OSU NEW 3.5 WATT THERM PEAK	FAA OSU VS. NEW 3.5 WATT THERM PEAK
COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES:		
MATERIAL	X	Y
EP/GL	73.00	92.60
PH/GL	68.03	58.20
EP/KV	84.98	76.80
PH/KV	97.97	84.40
PH/GR	67.01	69.40
ABS	204.53	212.90
PC	189.84	160.30
ULTEM	46.33	42.30
NO. 111	76.84	62.70
NO. 414	76.84	69.00
NO. 224	45.20	45.90
NO. 122	58.76	58.00
NO. 234	110.74	97.00
NO. 132	99.44	81.60
NO. 133	97.18	80.30
NO. 444	47.46	51.30

THE COEFFICIENT IS: 0.96643

TABLE 24. RANK COMPARISON BETWEEN TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION - DOUGLAS VERSUS FAA)

	DOUGLAS OSU NEW 3.5 WATT THERM 2 MIN INT	FAA OSU VS. NEW 3.5 WATT THERM 2 MIN INT
RANK COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION FOR THE FOLLOWING VALUES :		
RANK	MATERIAL---X---VALUE	MATERIAL---Y---VALUE
1	ULTEM 20.34	ULTEM 17.10
2	NO. 444 37.29	NO. 224 36.50
3	NO. 224 39.55	PH/GL 53.40
4	NO. 122 53.11	NO. 122 53.50
5	NO. 111 74.58	NO. 111 59.90
6	PH/GL 75.03	NO. 444 70.20
7	PH/GR 80.00	NO. 132 72.40
8	NO. 414 85.88	PH/GR 78.70
9	NO. 132 88.14	NO. 414 78.90
10	EP/GL 103.06	EP/GL 82.40
11	EP/KV 104.98	EP/KV 86.10
12	PH/KV 111.98	NO. 234 88.30
13	NO. 234 114.13	PH/KV 92.80
14	NO. 133 124.30	NO. 133 94.40
15	PC 171.76	PC 129.70
16	ABS 222.61	ABS 207.40

RANK COEFFICIENT FOR CORRELATION IS : 0.92647

TABLE 25. CORRELATION BETWEEN TWO LABORATORIES (THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION - DOUGLAS VERSUS FAA)

MATERIAL	X	Y
EP/GL	103.06	82.40
PH/GL	75.03	53.40
EP/KV	104.98	86.10
PH/KV	111.98	92.80
PH/GR	80.00	78.70
ABS	222.61	207.40
PC	171.76	129.70
ULTEM	20.34	17.10
NO. 111	74.58	59.90
NO. 414	85.88	78.90
NO. 224	39.55	36.50
NO. 122	53.11	53.50
NO. 234	114.13	88.30
NO. 132	88.14	72.40
NO. 133	124.30	94.40
NO. 444	37.29	70.20

THE COEFFICIENT IS: 0.95196

TABLE 26. STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF DATA - DOUGLAS VERSUS FAA THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION

STATISTICS SUMMARY

LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT
FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT
DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT

-----MATERIALS-----

EP/GL	PH/GL
EP/KV	PH/KV
PH/GR	ABS
PC	ULTEM
NO. 111	NO. 414
NO. 224	NO. 122
NO. 234	NO. 132
NO. 133	NO. 444

FOR THE PRECEEDING 16 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION	=	8.49
AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE	=	10.04
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT	=	0.90499

TABLE 27. STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF DATA - DOUGLAS VERSUS FAA THERMOPILE PEAK

STATISTICS SUMMARY

LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT
FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK
DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK

-----MATERIALS-----

EP/GL	PH/GL
EP/KV	PH/KV
PH/GR	ABS
PC	ULTEM
NO. 111	NO. 414
NO. 224	NO. 122
NO. 234	NO. 132
NO. 133	NO. 444

FOR THE PRECEDING 16 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION	=	5.35
AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE	=	5.98
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT	=	0.95514

TABLE 28. STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF DATA - BOEING VERSUS FAA THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION

STATISTICS SUMMARY

LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT
FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT
BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT

-----MATERIALS-----

EP/GL	PH/GL
EP/KV	PH/KV
PH/GR	ABS
PC	ULTEM
NO. 111	NO. 414
NO. 224	NO. 122
NO. 234	NO. 132
NO. 133	NO. 444

FOR THE PRECEDING 16 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION	=	5.78
AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE	=	8.09
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT	=	0.93485

TABLE 29. STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF DATA - BOEING VERSUS FAA THERMOPILE PEAK

STATISTICS SUMMARY

LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT
FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK
BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK

-----MATERIALS-----

EP/GL	PH/GL
EP/KV	PH/KV
PH/GR	ABS
PC	ULTEM
NO. 111	NO. 414
NO. 224	NO. 122
NO. 234	NO. 132
NO. 133	NO. 444

FOR THE PRECEEDING 16 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION = 10.19

AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE = 12.22

CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 0.85749

TABLE 30. STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF DATA - OSU VERSUS FAA THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION

STATISTICS SUMMARY

LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT
FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT
OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT

-----MATERIALS-----

ABS	PC
ULTEM	NO. 111
NO. 414	NO. 224
NO. 122	NO. 234
NO. 132	NO. 133
NO. 444	

FOR THE PRECEEDING 11 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION = 17.11

AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE = 18.21

CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 0.78887

TABLE 31. STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF DATA - OSU VERSUS FAA  
THERMOPILE PEAK

STATISTICS SUMMARY		
LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT
FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK
OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK

-----MATERIALS-----

ABS	PC
ULTEM	NO. 111
NO. 414	NO. 224
NO. 122	NO. 234
NO. 132	NO. 133
NO. 444	

FOR THE PRECEEDING 11 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION	=	18.17
AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE	=	17.87
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT	=	0.79179

TABLE 32. CALCULATED CORRECTIVE PERCENTAGES

Douglas		Boeing		OSU	
Peak	2 min.	Peak	2 min.	Peak	2 min.
-11.62	-19.16	-23.11	-11.57	-33.03	-33.61



TABLE 33. STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF MODIFIED DATA - FOUR TESTS  
THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATION

STATISTICS SUMMARY

LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT
FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT
DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT
BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT
OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT

-----MATERIALS-----

EP/GL	PH/GL
EP/KV	PH/KV
PH/GR	ABS
PC	ULTEM
NO. 111	NO. 414
NO. 224	NO. 122
NO. 234	NO. 132
NO. 133	NO. 444

FOR THE PRECEEDING 16 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION	=	5.99
AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE	=	9.48
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT	=	0.95142

TABLE 34. STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF MODIFIED DATA - FOUR TESTS  
THERMOPILE PEAK

STATISTICS SUMMARY

LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT
FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK
DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK
BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK
OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK

-----MATERIALS-----

EP/GL	PH/GL
EP/KV	PH/KV
PH/GR	ABS
PC	ULTEM
NO. 111	NO. 414
NO. 224	NO. 122
NO. 234	NO. 132
NO. 133	NO. 444

FOR THE PRECEEDING 16 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION	=	6.94
AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE	=	8.27
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT	=	0.92784



APPENDIX A  
MATERIAL CODES



APPENDIX A

MATERIAL CODES

- |                                  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
|                                  | 1. EP/GL - Epoxy Fiberglass                   |
|                                  | 2. PH/GL - Phenolic Fiberglass                |
| FAA<br>Material                  | 3. EP/KV - Epoxy Kevlar                       |
|                                  | 4. PH/KV - Phenolic Kevlar                    |
|                                  | 5. PH/GR - Phenolic Graphite                  |
|                                  | 6. PEEK/PI - Polyetheretherketone / Polyimide |
|                                  | 7. NO. 111 - 747 Ceiling                      |
|                                  | 8. NO. 122 - 757 Sidewall                     |
| Boeing<br>Material               | 9. NO. 132 - 757 Partition                    |
|                                  | 10. NO. 133 - 767 Partition                   |
|                                  | 11. NO. 224 - MD80 Sidewall                   |
| McDonnell<br>Douglas<br>Material | 12. NO. 234 - MD80 Partition                  |
|                                  | 13. NO. 414 - MD80 Ceiling                    |
|                                  | 14. NO. 444 - MD80 Stowage                    |
|                                  | 15. ABS - Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene     |
| Thermo<br>Plastics               | 16. PC - Polycarbonate                        |
|                                  | 17. ULTEM** - Polyetherimide                  |

\* - DuPont Trademark

\*\* - General Electric Trademark



APPENDIX B

COMPLETE STATISTICS OF SECOND ROUNDROBIN

- THERMOPILE 2-MINUTE INTEGRATED HEAT RELEASE
- THERMOPILE PEAK HEAT RELEASE RATE





MATERIAL CODE : ABS

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	207.40
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	222.61
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	206.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT	280.00
			MAXIMUM.....	280.00
			MINIMUM.....	206.00
			RANGE.....	74.00
			AVERAGE.....	229.00
			VARIANCE.....	909.35
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	30.16
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	13.1682

MATERIAL CODE : PC

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	129.70
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	171.76
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	171.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT	199.00
			MAXIMUM.....	199.00
			MINIMUM.....	129.70
			RANGE.....	69.30
			AVERAGE.....	167.86
			VARIANCE.....	612.74
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	24.75
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	14.7461

MATERIAL CODE : ULTEM

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	17.10
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	20.34
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	36.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT	53.90
			MAXIMUM.....	53.90
			MINIMUM.....	17.10
			RANGE.....	36.80
			AVERAGE.....	31.83
			VARIANCE.....	213.37
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	14.61
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	45.8837

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 111

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	59.90
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	74.58
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	61.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT	77.80
			MAXIMUM.....	77.80
			MINIMUM.....	59.90
			RANGE.....	17.90
			AVERAGE.....	68.32
			VARIANCE.....	63.38
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	7.96
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	11.6531

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 414

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	78.90
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	85.88
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	84.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT	96.80
			MAXIMUM.....	96.80
			MINIMUM.....	78.90
			RANGE.....	17.90
			AVERAGE.....	86.39
			VARIANCE.....	42.61
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	6.53
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	7.5556

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 224

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	36.50
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	39.55
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	40.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT	42.30
			MAXIMUM.....	42.30
			MINIMUM.....	36.50
			RANGE.....	5.80
			AVERAGE.....	39.59
			VARIANCE.....	4.27
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	2.07
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	5.2171

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 122

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	53.50
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	53.11
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	66.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT	67.50
			MAXIMUM.....	67.50
			MINIMUM.....	53.11
			RANGE.....	14.39
			AVERAGE.....	60.03
			VARIANCE.....	45.49
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	6.74
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	11.2362

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 234

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	88.30
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	114.13
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	106.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT	135.00
			MAXIMUM.....	135.00
			MINIMUM.....	88.30
			RANGE.....	46.70
			AVERAGE.....	110.86
			VARIANCE.....	281.50
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	16.78
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	15.1347

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 132

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	72.40
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	88.14
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	75.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT	88.50
			MAXIMUM.....	88.50
			MINIMUM.....	72.40
			RANGE.....	16.10
			AVERAGE.....	81.01
			VARIANCE.....	54.30
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	7.37
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	9.0960

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 133

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	94.40
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	124.30
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	96.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT	133.00
			MAXIMUM.....	133.00
			MINIMUM.....	94.40
			RANGE.....	38.60
			AVERAGE.....	111.92
			VARIANCE.....	289.51
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	17.01
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	15.2020

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 444

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	70.20
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	37.29
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	97.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM 2 MIN INT	111.00
			MAXIMUM.....	111.00
			MINIMUM.....	37.29
			RANGE.....	73.71
			AVERAGE.....	78.87
			VARIANCE.....	791.27
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	28.13
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	35.6646

FOR THE PRECEEDING 11 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION = 14.74  
AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE = 16.78  
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 0.87967

MATERIAL CODE : ABS

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	212.90
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	204.53
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	182.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK	288.00
			MAXIMUM.....	288.00
			MINIMUM.....	182.00
			RANGE.....	106.00
			AVERAGE.....	221.86
			VARIANCE.....	1585.98
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	39.82
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	17.9504

MATERIAL CODE : PC

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	160.30
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	189.84
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	182.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK	225.00
			MAXIMUM.....	225.00
			MINIMUM.....	160.30
			RANGE.....	64.70
			AVERAGE.....	189.28
			VARIANCE.....	542.27
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	23.29
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	12.3024

MATERIAL CODE : ULTEM

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	42.30
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	46.33
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	62.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK	75.00
			MAXIMUM.....	75.00
			MINIMUM.....	42.30
			RANGE.....	32.70
			AVERAGE.....	56.41
			VARIANCE.....	169.38
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	13.01
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	23.0727

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 111

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	62.70
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	76.84
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	82.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK	88.00
			MAXIMUM.....	88.00
			MINIMUM.....	62.70
			RANGE.....	25.30
			AVERAGE.....	77.38
			VARIANCE.....	87.48
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	9.35
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	12.0865

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 414

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	69.00
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	76.84
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	88.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK	94.00
			MAXIMUM.....	94.00
			MINIMUM.....	69.00
			RANGE.....	25.00
			AVERAGE.....	81.96
			VARIANCE.....	93.90
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	9.69
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	11.8234

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 224

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	45.90
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	45.20
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	67.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK	64.00
			MAXIMUM.....	67.00
			MINIMUM.....	45.20
			RANGE.....	21.80
			AVERAGE.....	55.52
			VARIANCE.....	100.69
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	10.03
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	18.0716

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 122

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	58.00
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	58.76
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	79.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK	72.00
			MAXIMUM.....	79.00
			MINIMUM.....	58.00
			RANGE.....	21.00
			AVERAGE.....	66.94
			VARIANCE.....	79.47
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	8.91
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	13.3174

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 234

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	97.00
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	110.74
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	130.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK	142.00
			MAXIMUM.....	142.00
			MINIMUM.....	97.00
			RANGE.....	45.00
			AVERAGE.....	119.93
			VARIANCE.....	299.68
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	17.31
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	14.4339

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 132

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	81.60
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	99.44
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	96.00
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK	111.00
			MAXIMUM.....	111.00
			MINIMUM.....	81.60
			RANGE.....	29.40
			AVERAGE.....	97.01
			VARIANCE.....	110.03
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	10.49
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	10.8127

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 133

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE	
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	80.30	
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	97.18	
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	93.00	
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK	116.00	
				MAXIMUM.....	116.00
				MINIMUM.....	80.30
				RANGE.....	35.70
				AVERAGE.....	96.62
				VARIANCE.....	163.84
				STANDARD DEVIATION.....	12.80
				COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	13.2476

MATERIAL CODE : NO. 444

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE	
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	51.30	
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	47.46	
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	83.00	
4	OSU OSU	3.5 W/CM2	THERM PEAK	86.00	
				MAXIMUM.....	86.00
				MINIMUM.....	47.46
				RANGE.....	38.54
				AVERAGE.....	66.94
				VARIANCE.....	311.32
				STANDARD DEVIATION.....	17.64
				COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	26.3584

FOR THE PRECEEDING 11 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION = 15.67  
 AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE = 15.77  
 CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 0.85934



MATERIAL CODE : EP/GL

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	82.40
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	103.06
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	88.00
			MAXIMUM.....	103.06
			MINIMUM.....	82.40
			RANGE.....	20.66
			AVERAGE.....	91.15
			VARIANCE.....	76.08
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	8.72
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	9.5690

MATERIAL CODE : PH/GL

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	53.40
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	75.03
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	71.00
			MAXIMUM.....	75.03
			MINIMUM.....	53.40
			RANGE.....	21.63
			AVERAGE.....	66.48
			VARIANCE.....	88.22
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	9.39
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	14.1288

MATERIAL CODE : EP/KV

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	86.10
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	104.98
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	100.00
			MAXIMUM.....	104.98
			MINIMUM.....	86.10
			RANGE.....	18.88
			AVERAGE.....	97.03
			VARIANCE.....	63.81
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	7.99
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	8.2332

MATERIAL CODE : PH/KV

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	92.80
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	111.98
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	106.00
			MAXIMUM.....	111.98
			MINIMUM.....	92.80
			RANGE.....	19.18
			AVERAGE.....	103.59
			VARIANCE.....	64.22
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	8.01
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	7.7360

MATERIAL CODE : PH/GR

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	78.70
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	80.00
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM 2 MIN INT	81.00
			MAXIMUM.....	81.00
			MINIMUM.....	78.70
			RANGE.....	2.30
			AVERAGE.....	79.90
			VARIANCE.....	0.89
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	0.94
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	1.1787

FOR THE PRECEEDING 5 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION = 7.01

AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE = 8.17

CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 0.61949

MATERIAL CODE : EP/GL

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	92.60
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	73.00
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	113.00
			MAXIMUM.....	113.00
			MINIMUM.....	73.00
			RANGE.....	40.00
			AVERAGE.....	92.87
			VARIANCE.....	266.73
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	16.33
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	17.5864

MATERIAL CODE : PH/GL

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	58.20
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	68.03
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	84.00
			MAXIMUM.....	84.00
			MINIMUM.....	58.20
			RANGE.....	25.80
			AVERAGE.....	70.08
			VARIANCE.....	113.04
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	10.63
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	15.1723

MATERIAL CODE : EP/KV

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	76.80
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	84.98
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	80.00
			MAXIMUM.....	84.98
			MINIMUM.....	76.80
			RANGE.....	8.18
			AVERAGE.....	80.59
			VARIANCE.....	11.32
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	3.36
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	4.1741

MATERIAL CODE : PH/KV

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	84.40
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	97.97
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	94.00
			MAXIMUM.....	97.97
			MINIMUM.....	84.40
			RANGE.....	13.57
			AVERAGE.....	92.12
			VARIANCE.....	32.46
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	5.70
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	6.1841

MATERIAL CODE : PH/GR

NO	LAB AND TEST	EXPOSURE	MEASUREMENT	VALUE
1	FAA OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	69.40
2	DOUGLAS OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	67.01
3	BOEING OSU	NEW 3.5 WATT	THERM PEAK	92.00
			MAXIMUM.....	92.00
			MINIMUM.....	67.01
			RANGE.....	24.99
			AVERAGE.....	76.14
			VARIANCE.....	126.78
			STANDARD DEVIATION.....	11.26
			COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE.....	14.7889

FOR THE PRECEEDING 5 MATERIALS :

AVERAGE STANDARD DEVIATION = 9.46  
AVERAGE COEFFICIENT OF VARIANCE = 11.58  
CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = 0.12990







